

Credit Suisse Utilities, Power & Clean Tech Virtual Conference

May 14, 2020

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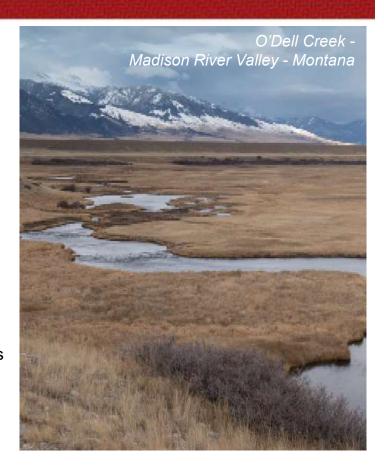
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Forward Looking Statements

Forward Looking Statements

During the course of this presentation, there will be forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements often address our expected future business and financial performance, and often contain words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," or "will."

The information in this presentation is based upon our current expectations as of the date hereof unless otherwise noted. Our actual future business and financial performance may differ materially and adversely from our expectations expressed in any forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or publicly update our forward-looking statements or this presentation for any reason. Although our expectations and beliefs are based on reasonable assumptions, actual results may differ materially. The factors that may affect our results are listed in certain of our press releases and disclosed in the Company's most recent Form 10-K and 10-Q along with other public filings with the SEC.



Company Information

NorthWestern Corporation

dba: NorthWestern Energy

Ticker: NWE

Trading on the NYSE

www.northwesternenergy.com

Corporate Office

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NorthWestern Energy

A pure electric and natural gas utility; serving as stewards of critical energy infrastructure; providing essential services - in times of trial and triumph; to our resilient customer base spanning a vast footprint over Montana, South Dakota, Nebraska & Yellowstone Nat'l Park.

A Strong Financial Foundation and Investment for the Long Term

- Over 100 years of operating history
- Customer bills well below national average
- Highest ever customer satisfaction scores
- Award winning and best practices corporate governance
- A history of strong earnings growth
- Stable and flexible investment grade balance sheet
- Ample liquidity to weather uncertainty (doubled targeted liquidity \$100 to \$200 million)
- A history of annual dividend increases (from \$1.00 per share in 2005 to \$2.40 in 2020)
- A disciplined capital investment program (\$400 million plan maintained for 2020)
- A history of stable and consistent customer growth
- A diverse energy supply portfolio already nearly 60% carbon-Free
- A significant generation capacity deficit with opportunity for investment



COVID-19: Our Response

COVID-19 has consumed our everyday life. This rapidly evolving pandemic has affected all aspects of our operations. We implemented a comprehensive set of actions to help our customers, communities and employees, all while maintaining our commitment to provide safe and reliable energy. We will continue to monitor and adapt our operating and financial plan to meet the challenges ahead.

Crisis Action Team activated March 11th

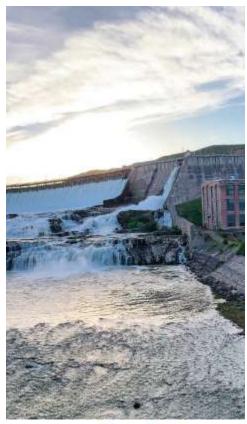
- Crisis team (managers) in place with minimum business disruption
- Government requirements are the baseline, but we will make decisions by applying available expert information
- Open communication channels with state officials and utility commissions

Keeping Employees Safe

- Employee work from home policy since mid March where appropriate
- All walk-in offices and facilities closed to public
- Field employee guidance for safety
- Field crews now pods of 4-5 employees

Helping Customers and Communities

- Communicating with customers, including commercial and industrial
- Provided \$300K of incremental charitable funding specific for COVID relief, including billing relief for small businesses
- Matching employee contributions to COVID-19 relief
- Service disconnections for non payment are suspended
- Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program
- Providing customers and businesses resources to seek additional support on local, state and federal levels





About NorthWestern



Montana Operations

Electric

379,400 customers

24.781 miles – transmission & distribution lines 874 MW maximum capacity owned power generation

Natural Gas

201,500 customers

6,975 miles of transmission and distribution pipeline 17.75 Bcf of gas storage capacity

Own 47.2 Bcf of proven natural gas reserves



South Dakota Operations

Electric

63.800 customers

3.529 miles - transmission & distribution lines 404 MW nameplate owned power generation

Natural Gas

47.500 customers

1,713 miles of transmission and distribution pipeline



Nebraska Operations

42.600 customers 795 miles of distribution pipeline

Thermal Generating Plants

Natural Gas Reserves

Peaking Plants



NWE - An Investment for the Long Term

Pure Electric & Gas Utility

- 100% pure electric & natural gas utility business with over 100 years of operating history
- Solid economic indicators in service territory
- Diverse electric supply portfolio ~58% hydro, wind & solar

Solid Utility Foundation

- Residential electric & gas rates below national average
- Solid system reliability
- Low leaks per 100 miles of pipe
- Solid JD Power Overall Customer Satisfaction scores

Strong Earnings & Cash Flow

- Consistent track record of earnings & dividend growth
- Strong cash flows aided by net operating loss carryforwards anticipated to be available into 2021
- Strong balance sheet & investment grade credit ratings

Attractive
Future Growth
Prospects

- Disciplined maintenance capital investment program to ensure safety and reliability
- Significant investment in renewable resources (hydro & wind) will provide long-term energy supply pricing stability for the benefit of customers for many years to come
- Further opportunity for energy supply investment to meet significant capacity shortfalls

Financial Goals & Metrics

- Targeted debt to capitalization ratio of 50%-55% with liquidity of \$100 million or greater
- Targeted 6%-9% long-term total shareholder return (eps growth plus dividend yield)
- Targeted dividend payout ratio of 60%-70%

Best Practices
Corporate
Governance

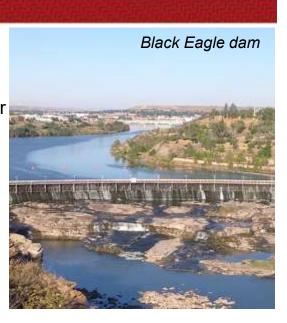




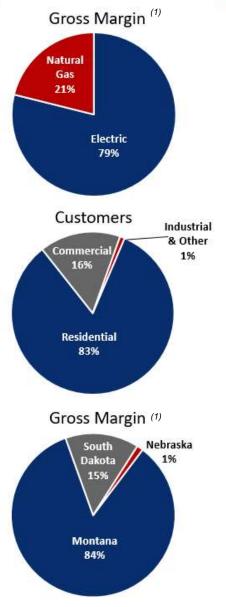






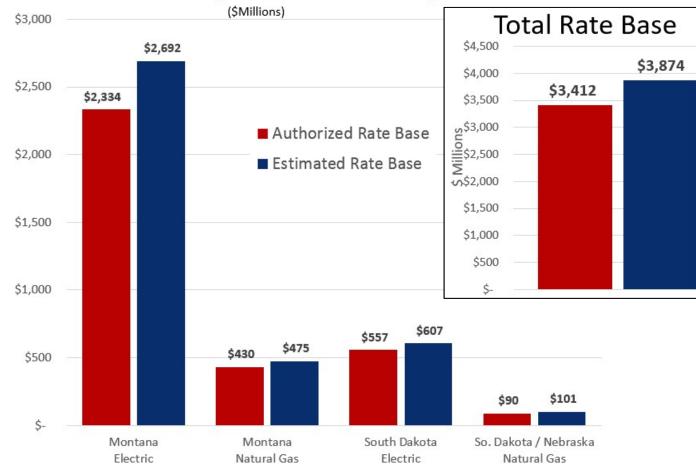


A Diversified Electric and Gas Utility



Data as reported in our 2019 10-K





NorthWestern's '80/20' rules:

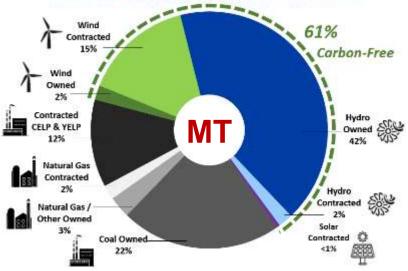
Approximately 80% Electric, 80% Residential and 80% Montana. Nearly \$3.9 billion of rate base investment to serve our customers

(1) Gross Margin, defined as revenues less cost of sales, is a non-GAAP Measure. See appendix for additional disclosure.

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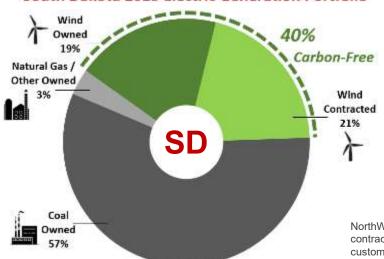
Highly Carbon-Free Supply Portfolio

Montana 2019 Electric Generation Portfolio

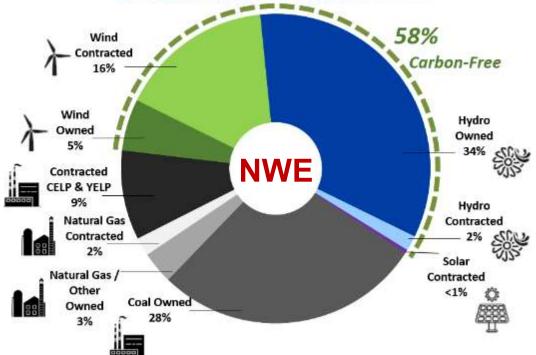


Contracted energy from Colstrip Energy Limited Partners (CELP), Yellowstone Energy Limited Partners (YELP) as well as a majority of the contracted wind, hydro and solar are federally mandated Qualifying Facilities, as defined under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA).

South Dakota 2019 Electric Generation Portfolio



2019 Electric Generation Portfolio



Based upon 2019 MWH's of owned and long-term contracted resources. Approximately 58% of our total company owned and contracted supply is carbon-free.

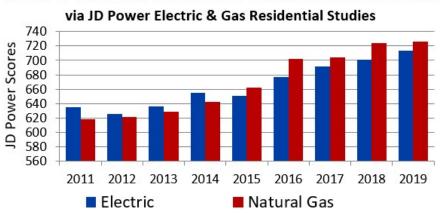
NorthWestern does not own all the renewable energy certificates (RECs) generated by contracted wind, and periodically sells its own RECs with proceeds benefiting retail customers. Accordingly, we cannot represent that 100% of carbon-free energy in the portfolio was delivered to our customers.

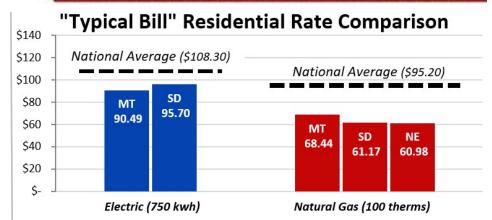


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Strong Utility Foundation

NWE's Overall Customer Satisfaction Scores

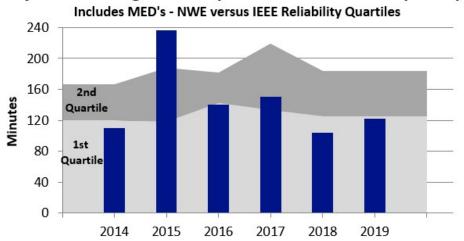




Electric source: Edison Electric Institute Typical Bills and Average Rates Report, 7/1/19

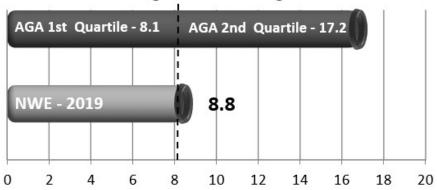
Natural Gas source: US EIA - Monthly residential supply and delivery rates as of January 2020

System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)



Leaks per 100 Miles of Pipe

Excluding Excavation Damages - 2019

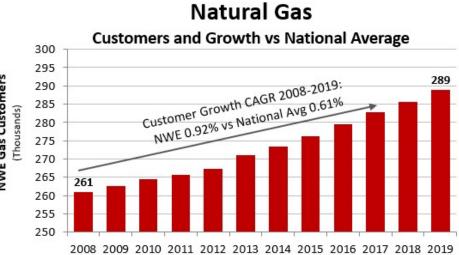


- Solid and improving JD Power Overall Customer Satisfaction Scores
- Residential electric and natural gas rates below national average
- Solid electric system reliability
- Low gas leaks per mile just outside 1st quartile



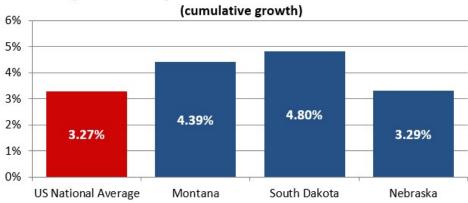
Solid Economic Indicators

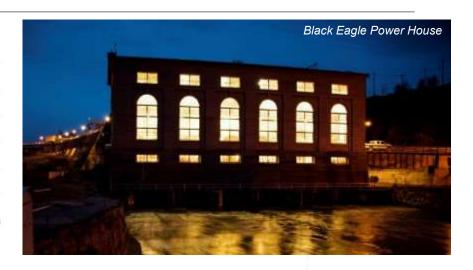
Electric Customers Growth vs National Average 430 Customer Growth CAGR 2008-2019: Customer Growth CAGR 2008-2019: NWE 1.12% vs National Avg 0.86% NWE 1.12% vs National Avg 0.86% 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019



Source: Company 10K's, 2017/2018 EEI Statistical Yearbook – Table 7.2 and EIA.gov

Projected Population Growth 2020 - 2025



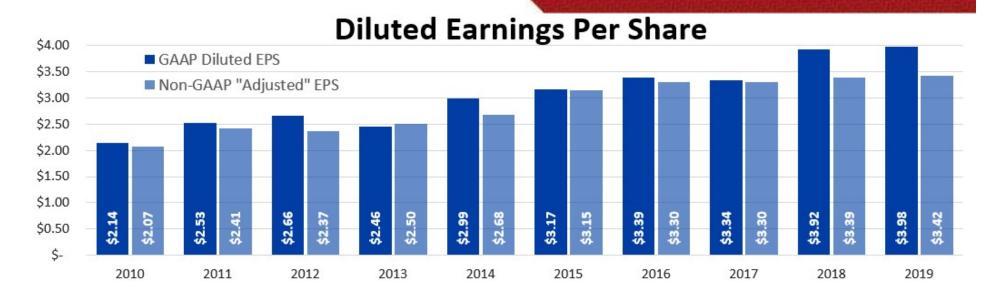


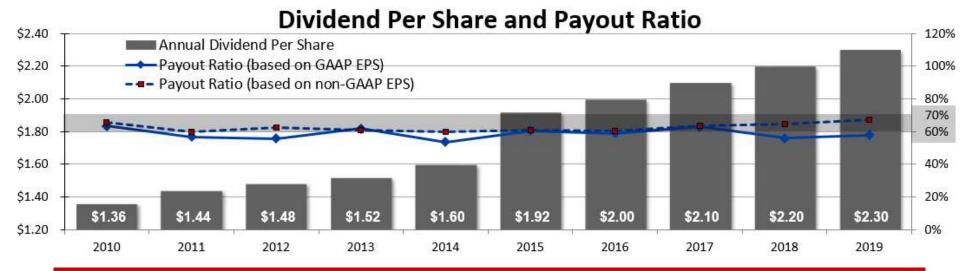
Source: Claritas via S&P Global Market Intelligence 10-24-19

- Customer growth rates historically exceed National Averages.
- Projected population growth in our service territories better than the National Average.

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A History of Growth

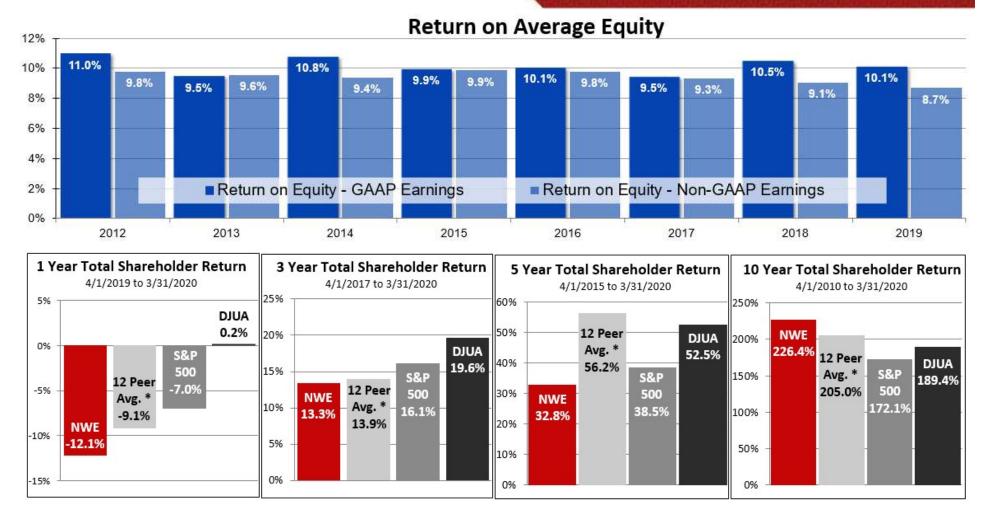




2010-2019 CAGR's: GAAP EPS: 7.1% - Non-GAAP EPS: 5.7% - Dividend: 6.0%

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Track Record of Delivering Results

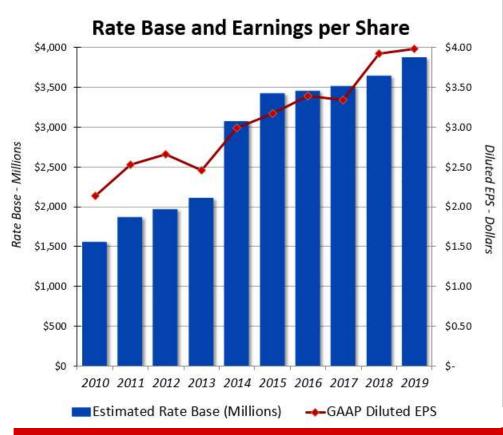


^{*} Peer Group: ALE, AVA, BKH, EE, IDA, MGEE, NWN, OGE, OTTR, PNM, POR & SR

Return on Equity on GAAP Earnings within 9.5% - 11.0% band over the last 8 years with average of 10.2%. Total Shareholder Return is better than our 12 peer average for the 10 year period but lags in the 1, 3 & 5 year periods, due in part to regulatory concerns in Montana.

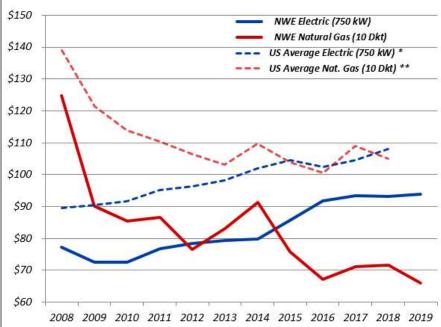
See appendix for "Non-GAAP Financial Measures"

Investment for Our Customers' Benefit



Typical Residential Electric and Natural Gas Bill





^{*} Electric - EEI Typical Bills and Average Summer and Winter Rates Report (2008-2018)

Over the past 8 years we have been reintegrating our Montana energy supply portfolio and making additional investments across our entire service territory to enhance system safety, reliability and capacity.

We have made these enhancements with minimal impact to customers' bills while maintaining bills lower than the US average.

As a result we have also been able to deliver solid earnings growth for our investors.

2010-2019 CAGRs 2008-2019 CAGRs 2008-2018 CAGRs Estimated Rate Base: 10.7% NWE typical electric bill: 1.8% US average electric bill: 1.9%*

GAAP Diluted EPS: 7.1%

NWE typical natural gas bill: (5.6%)

US average natural gas bill: (2.7%)**

^{**} Natural Gas - EIA U.S. Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Residential Customers (2008-2018)

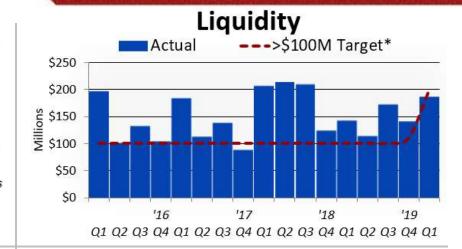


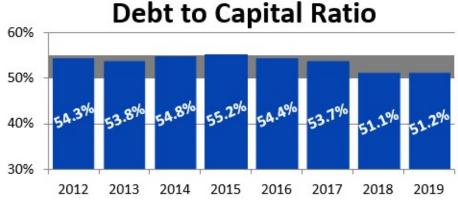
Balance Sheet Strength and Liquidity

Credit Ratings

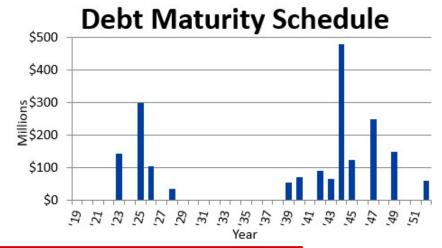
	<u>Fitch</u>	Moody's	S&P
Senior Secured Rating	A	A3	A-
Senior Unsecured Rating	A-	Baa2	BBB
Commerical Paper	F2	Prime-2	A-2
Outlook	Negative	Stable	Stable

A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. Such ratings may be subject to revisions or withdrawl at any time by the credit rating agency and each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating.





rarget: 50% - 55% - Annual ratio basea on average of each quarter's debt/cap ratio Excludes Basin Creek capital lease and New Market Tax Credit Financing

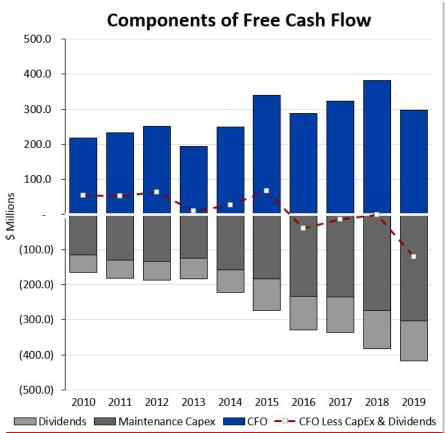


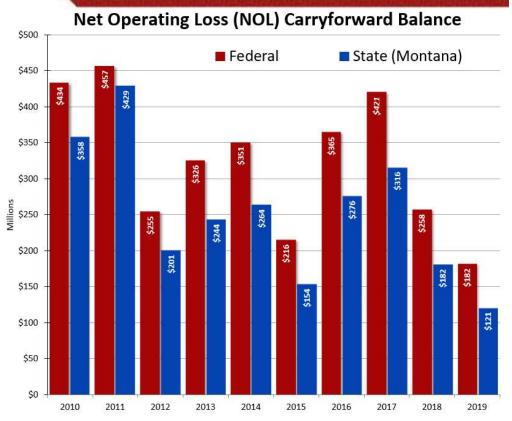
Investment grade credit ratings, generally liquidity in excess of \$100 million target, debt to cap within our targeted 50%-55% range and no long-term debt maturities until 2023.

*Liquidity target increased to \$200 million due to economic conditions impacted by COVID-19.



Strong Cash Flows





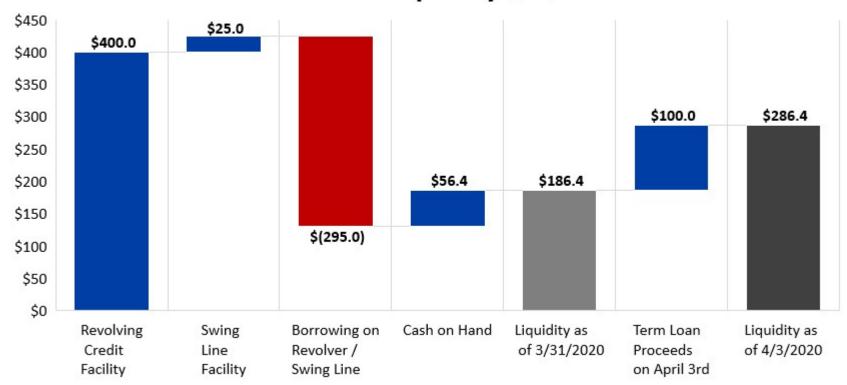
While maintenance capex and total dividend payments have continued to grow since 2010 (11.3% and 10.0% CAGR respectively), maintenance capex and dividend payments have slightly exceeded Cash From Operations (CFO), on average, by approximately \$10 million per year. Note: 2016 CFO is less than 2015 largely due to \$30.8M refund to customers related to FERC/DGGS ruling and \$7.2M refund to customers for difference in SD Electric interim & final rates. 2019 CFO is less than 2018 due to under-collection of supply costs by \$35.5M, \$20.5M credit to MT customers for TCJA, \$22.1M in refunds for transmission generation interconnections and a \$6.1M insurance proceed in 2018.

We expect NOLs to be available into 2021 with alternative minimum tax credits and production tax credits to be available into 2023 to reduce cash taxes. Additionally, we anticipate our effective tax rate to reach approximately 10% by 2023.

(See appendix for "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" relating to free cash flow and disclaimer on NOLs)

COVID-19: Liquidity

NWE's Liquidity (\$M)



Temporarily Increasing Liquidity

- April 3, 2020: Issued \$100M 364 day Term Loan at Eurodollar rate plus 1.5%.
- April 14, 2020: Priced \$150 million First Mortgage Bonds at 3.21% to be issued in May 2020.
- As previously disclosed, we were considering an equity issuance in late 2020 or early 2021 to maintain and protect our current credit ratings. Our current plan may delay our anticipated equity issuance into 2021.

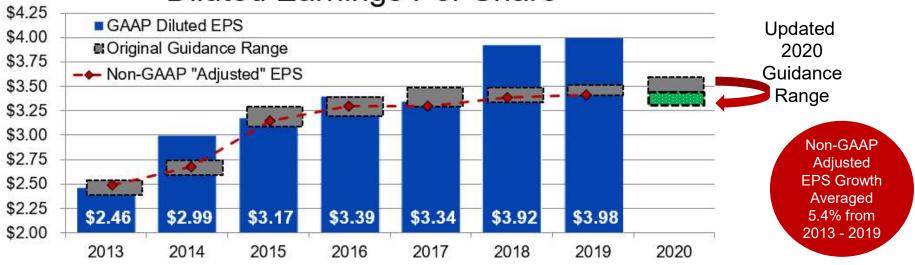
Normal liquidity
minimum target is
> \$100 million

COVID-19 liquidity
target now
> \$200 million

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Earnings Growth

Diluted Earnings Per Share



NorthWestern is **lowering its 2020 earnings guidance range to \$3.30 to \$3.45 per diluted share** (from \$3.45 to \$3.60) based upon, but not limited to, the following major assumptions and expectations:

- COVID-19 related distancing measures and business closures remain in place through June, easing significantly during the 3rd quarter and nearly fully recovered in the 4th quarter of 2020;
- Normal weather in our electric and natural gas service territories;
- A consolidated income tax rate of approximately (5%) to 0% of pre-tax income (previously (2%) to 3%); and
- Diluted shares outstanding of approximately 50.9 million.

Continued investment in our system to serve our customers and communities is expected to provide a targeted <u>long-term</u> 6-9% total return to our investors through a combination of earnings growth and dividend yield.



2019 Non-GAAP to 2020 Revised EPS Bridge

After-tax earnings per share increase (decrease)				Revised	Guidance	Initial	Guidance
	Actual Q2 - Q4 Fore		Forecast	Full	ear Full Ye		ll Year
	Q1	Low	- <u>High</u>	Low	High	Low	High
2019 Non-GAAP Diluted EPS	\$1.23	\$2.19	\$2.19	\$3.42	\$3.42	\$3.42	\$3.42
2020 Earnings Drivers	į į	1			410-41111-2		
Gross margin	(\$0.09)	(\$0.03)	- \$0.03	(\$0.12)	- (\$0.06)	\$0.15	- \$0.21
OG&A expense	(0.01)	0.20	- 0.23	0.19	0.22	0.11	- 0.14-
Property & other tax expense	0.00	(0.09)	- (0.08)	(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.09)	- (0.08)
Depreciation expense	0.00	(0.13)	- (0.12)	(0.13)	(0.12)	(0.16)	- (0.14)
Interest expense	(0.01)	(0.03)	- (0.02)	(0.04)	- (0.03)	(0.04)	- (0.02)
Other income	0.00	0.03	- 0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	- 0.05
Incremental tax impact*	(0.06)	0.10	- 0.13	0.04	- 0.07	0.03	- 0.05
Subtotal of anticipated changes	(\$0.17)	\$0.05	- \$0.21	(\$0.12)	- \$0.04	\$0.03	- \$0.21
2020 EPS Non-GAAP Estimate (pre equity dilution)	\$1.06	\$2.24	\$2.40	\$3.30	\$3.46	\$3.45	\$3.63
Dilution from higher outstanding shares			(\$0.01)		(\$0.01)	~	(\$0.03)
2020 EPS Estimate (post equity dilution)	\$1.06	\$2.24	\$2.39	\$3.30	\$3.45	\$3.45	\$3.60
	<u> </u>	<u>L</u>	i				
2020 Non-GAAP Adju	sted Dilut	ed EPS (Mic	dpoint)	\$3	.38	\$	3.53

^{* 2020} earnings drivers shown above are calculated using a 25.3% effective tax rate. The incremental tax impact line included above reflects anticipated changes in discrete tax items (such as tax repairs and meter deductions, production tax credits, and other permanent or flow-through items) from 2019 actual earnings to 2020 forecast.

Incremental cost controls will be implemented to help offset a portion of the gross margin detriments recorded in the first quarter. Our \$0.15 guidance reduction is in part due to a disappointing first quarter with the remainder due to expected impacts of COVID-19 for the remainder of 2020.

See assumptions and expectations as listed on prior page.

Gross Margin

\$0.27 reduction which approximately 1/3 is due to first quarter and the remainder due to expected COVID related impacts on loads and volumes.

OG&A

\$0.08 improvement due to incremental cost controls to help offset gross margin detriment.

Depreciation

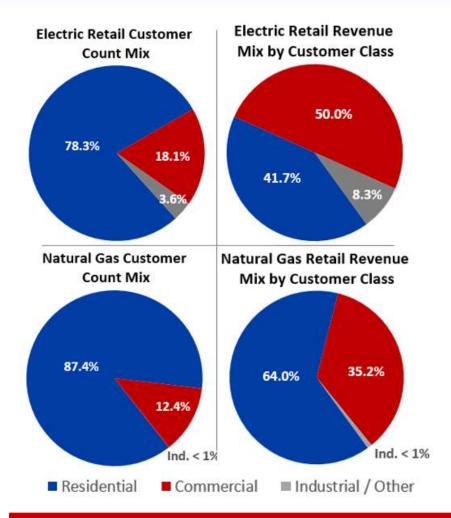
\$0.02 - \$0.03 improvement due to timing of capital placed in service at year-end 2019.

Incremental Income Tax

\$0.01 - \$0.02 improvement due primarily to increased flow-through items (i.e. repairs deductible capital). Significant detriment in first quarter is primarily related to a year-over-year timing difference.



COVID-19: Margin Expectations



High-Level COVID Load Impacts vs Planned 2020 Load			
	Q2	Q3	Q4
Industrial	(4.0%)	(1.5%)	(0.3%)
Commercial	(12.0%)	(4.5%)	(0.8%)
Residential	4.0%	1.5%	0.3%

Applying our high-level estimated impacts above to customer loads results in the following overall impact to load by class:

Electric: Q2-Q4 Period-over-Period Volume Comparison			
	2020 Est. (Covid) vs. 2019 Normalized	2020 Est. (Covid) vs. 2020 Est. (Pre-Covid	
Industrial	(4.1%)	(1.9%)	
Commercial	(1.8%)	(5.8%)	
Residential	4.1%	2.4%	

	2020 Est. (Covid)	2020 Est. (Covid)
	vs.	vs.
	2019 Normalized	2020 Est. (Pre-Covid)
Commercial	(4.3%)	(4.7%)
Residential	1.9%	1.6%

Updated gross margin guidance for Q2-Q4 2020:

We anticipated (\$0.03) to \$0.03* of EPS impact as compared to the same period 2019. Based upon our assumptions, the impact of COVID on our forecast is expected to offset most, if not all, of our forecasted organic growth.



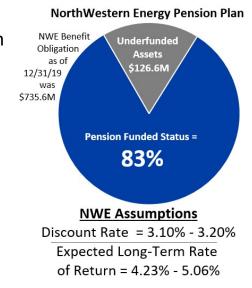
COVID-19: Expense Expectations

Expenses we expect to increase:

- Bad debt expense
 - We assume significant recovery through a regulatory mechanism
- COVID related charitable contributions

Expenses we expect to decrease:

- Distribution customer work
- Contract services and material costs
- Fleet fuel costs
- Travel and employee education
- Lower benefits and incentive pay





Discount Rate = 3.49% Expected Long-Term Rate of Return = 7.06%

Areas unchanged but will monitor and manage appropriately

- Capital spending still expected at approximately \$400 million
- Supply chain No significant issues anticipated as nearly all vendors in USA
- Staffing levels No layoffs expected and still hiring for critical positions

Updated <u>expense</u> guidance for Q2-Q4 2020:

Anticipated \$0.20 to \$0.23* of EPS improvement as compared to prior year Non-GAAP. This includes \$0.09 of Incremental cost controls as compared to our <u>initial</u> earnings guidance expectations. This assumes regulatory recovery of increased bad debt expense (which we plan to file for and request recovery in each of our jurisdictions).

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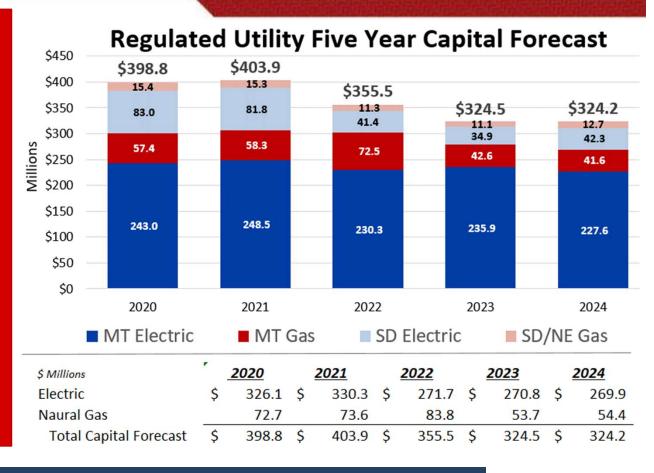
Maintaining Capital Investment Forecast

\$1.8 billion of total capital investment over five years

We anticipate financing this capital with a combination of cash flow from operations (aided by NOLs available into 2021), first mortgage bonds and equity issuances.

Based on current expectations, any equity issuance would be late 2020 or early 2021 and would be sized to maintain and protect current credit ratings.

Significant capital investments that are <u>not</u> in the projections or negative regulatory actions could necessitate additional equity funding.



Based on the results of the recent competitive solicitation process in South Dakota, \$80 million of incremental investment for SD generation is included above (spread between 2020-2021). Capital projections above <u>do not</u> include investment necessary to address identified generation capacity issues in Montana. These additions could increase the capital forecast above in excess of \$200 million over the next five years.



Recent Significant Achievements

Strong year for safety at NorthWestern

- Industry Leader Accident Prevention Award from American Gas Association in 2019.
- Continue to be a top performer among Edison Electric Institute member companies.

Record best customer satisfaction scores with JD Power & Associates

Once again received our best JD Powers overall satisfaction survey score.

Solid electric reliability scores

• Low CAIDI (Customer Average Interruption Duration Index) and SAIFI including MED's (System Average Interruption Frequency Index) in 2019. Especially significant considering the rugged service territories.

Corporate Governance Finalist

• In 2019 NorthWestern's proxy statement was winner of the "Best Proxy Statement (Small to Mid Cap)" by *Corporate Secretary Magazine*. We have been a finalist in 7 of the last 8 years and also won the award in 2014.

Board Diversity Recognition

 Recognized for gender diversity on its board of directors by 2020 Women on Boards. Four of the company's ten directors are female.

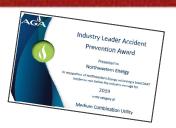


Best Investor Relations Program

 Recognized, in 2018 and 2019, by Institutional Investor as a top midcap utility and energy company based on access to senior management, well-informed and empowered IR team, appropriate and timely disclosures and constructive earnings calls.

Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting

 Published EEI's ESG / Sustainability reporting template for years 2010 (base-year) & 2015-2018. This quantitative information supplements our biennial Stewardship Report that highlights our commitment to the stewardship of natural resources and our sustainable business practices.









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Looking Forward

Regulatory

- In December 2019, the MPSC issued a final order approving our Montana electric rate case settlement, effective April 1, 2019, that results in an annual increase to electric revenue of approximately \$6.5 million (based upon a 9.65% return on equity) and a \$9.3 million decrease in depreciation expense. Various parties have filed petitions for reconsideration of parts of the order. On April 28th, the MPSC voted to affirm the final order as issued.
- In May 2019, we submitted a <u>filing with FERC for our Montana transmission assets</u>. In June 2019, the FERC issued an order accepting our filing, granting interim rates (effective July 1 and subject to refund), establishing settlement procedures and terminating our related Tax Cuts and Jobs Act filing. A settlement judge has been appointed and settlement negotiations are ongoing. <u>We expect to submit a compliance filing with the MPSC upon resolution of our case adjusting the FERC credit in our retail rates</u>.
- Each year we submit <u>filings for recovery of electric</u>, <u>natural gas and property taxes</u>. The respective commissions review these tracker filings and make cost recovery determinations based on prudency.

Electric Resource Planning

- South Dakota: Construction of approximately 60MW / \$80 million flexible reciprocating internal combustion engines in Huron, SD to be online by late 2021.
- Montana: Competitive all-source solicitation for up to 280 MWs of flexible capacity issued February 2020 with project(s) selection in first quarter 2021 and online in early 2023.

Continue to Invest in our Transmission & Distribution Infrastructure

• Comprehensive grid modernization and infrastructure program to ensure safety, capacity and reliability.

Plans to join Western Energy Imbalance Market (EIM) in April 2021

• Real-time energy market could mean lower cost of energy for Montana customers, more efficient use of renewables and greater power grid reliability.

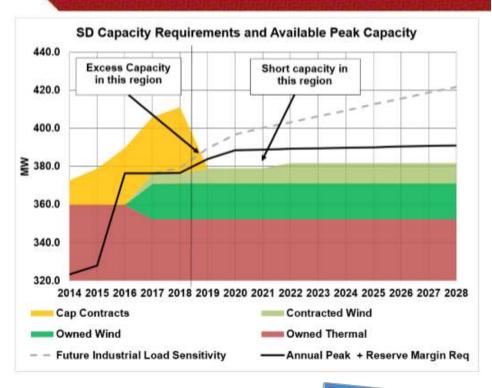


South Dakota Electricity Supply Resource Plan

South Dakota

- Published fall of 2018, the plan focuses on modernization of our fleet to improve reliability and flexibility, maintain compliance in Southwest Power Pool, and lowering operating costs. The plan identifies 90MWs of existing generation that should be retired and replaced over the next 10 years. In addition, we are currently installing 8MWs of mobile capacity generation, with units expected to be operational in early 2020.
- April 15, 2019, we issued a 60MW all-source RFP to provide capacity for South Dakota customers by the end of 2021.
- As a result of the competitive solicitation process, we anticipate to construct and own natural gas fired reciprocating internal combustion engines at a brownfield site in H

combustion engines at a brownfield site in Huron, South Dakota. We have executed a contract with Caterpillar with anticipated build approximately 60 MW at a total investment of approximately \$80 million. The selected proposal is subject to the execution of construction contracts and obtaining the applicable environmental and construction related permits. Once the Department of Environmental and Natural Resources has agreed upon a draft permit, there is a 30 day mandatory public comment period. Construction expected to being mid-2020 with commercial operational date by the end of 2021.

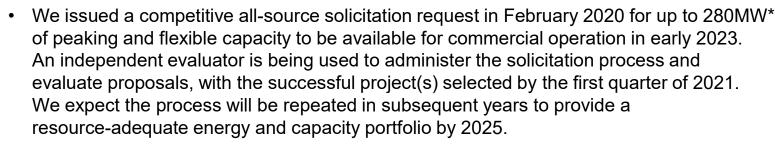


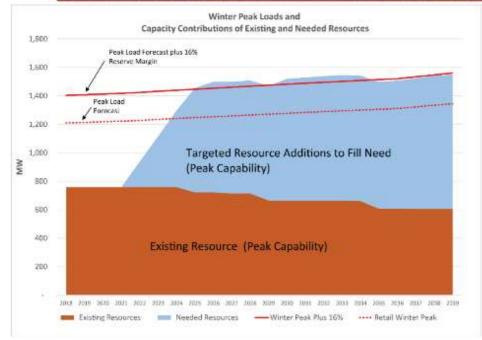


Montana Electricity Supply Resource Plan

Montana

- The draft plan was filed in early March 2019 followed by a 60 day public comment period.
- The final plan, including responses to public comment, was filed August 20, 2020.
- The plan demonstrates an urgent need for additional flexible capacity that will address the changing energy landscape in Montana. This will also enable our participation in the Western EIM and help meet our customers' energy needs in a reliable and affordable manner.
 - We are currently 630 MW short of our peak needs, which we procure in the market. We forecast that our energy portfolio will be 725 MW short by 2025 with the expiration of an existing long-term contract and a modest increase in customer demand.
 - Planned regional retirements of 3,500 MW of coal-fired generation are forecasted by the Northwest Power and Conservation Council causing regional energy shortages as early as 2021.









^{*} Open to all types of resources that meet our peak and flexible capacity needs

Environmental – Social – Governance (ESG)

Environmental



Environmental Report

http://www.northwesternenergy.com/environment/our-environment

Social



Community Works Report

http://www.northwesternenergy.com/community-works/community-works

These four documents provide valuable insight in NorthWestern Energy's Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Sustainability practices.

Governance



Annual Report

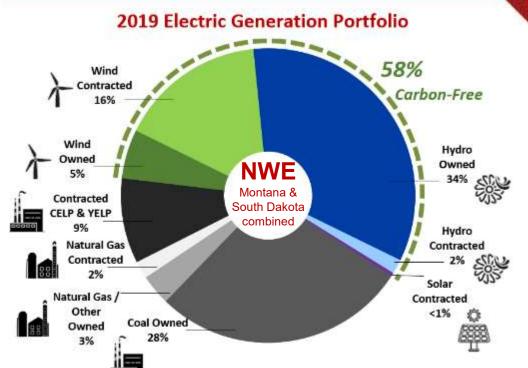
http://www.northwesternenergy.com/our-company/investor-relations/annual-reports

Proxy Statement

<u>http://www.northwesternenergy.com/our-company/investor-relations/proxy-materials</u>



ESG - Environmental



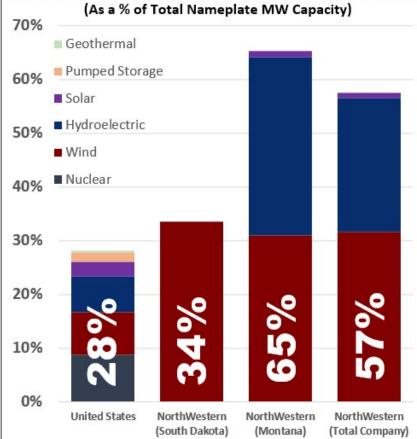
Based upon 2019 MWH's of owned and long-term contracted resources.

58% of NorthWestern Energy's 2019 Electric Generation Portfolio Delivered was Carbon-Free (based on megawatt hours)





2019 Carbon-Free Owned & Long-Term Contracted Nameplate Generation Resources



57% Carbon Free Nameplate Portfolio vs

28% National Average in 2018 (based nameplate megawatts)

Environmental Stewardship

Highlights of our Environmental Report

- Energy Conservation
- Recycling Efforts
- Smart Meters
- Environmental Protection Programs
 - O'Dell Creek Restoration
 - Pallid Sturgeon Recovery
 - Rainbow Trout Stocking Hauser & Holter Reserves
 - Lower Madison River Thermal Pulse Program
 - Public Recreation Support with Missouri-Madison Trust
 - Crow Creek Shore Restore
 - Thompson Falls Fish Ladder Program
- Water Quality Monitoring
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) Management
- Cultural Resource Management
- Avian Protection Plan
- Environmental Permitting
- Storm Water Management
- Vegetation Management
- Aerial Tree Trimming
- Oil Spill Prevention Measures
- Hazardous Waste Management
- Air Quality Controls



Ariel Tree Trimming and Trout Stocking



ESG - Environmental

LED Streetlights — plan to replace 43,000 company-owned streetlights in Montana with LED lights by 2022, with SD in planning stage.

Solar Projects - Our Solar projects are focused on building sustainability in collaboration with our communities, schools and universities. Projects integrate Solar with Storage and Automation creating an educational platform that demonstrates the economics and social benefits of Community Solar, Urban integration (unique solar configurations), Rural

Missoula Solar Project



Reliability, and Micro-grids. To date projects have been built in Bozeman, Missoula, Deer Lodge and Yellowstone National Park with others planned.

LEED Gold Certification - In 2019 NorthWestern Energy's

General Office in Butte earned a Gold Certification for Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) from the U.S. Green Building Council recognizing a sustainable site, community connectivity, maximum open space water use reduction, construction waste management, recycled content and green power.

Hydroelectric Projects — provide \$1.9M annually under a Protection, Mitigation and Enhancement (PME) Program partnering with landowners and agencies to manage fish, wildlife, habitat and water quality. NWE has also provided \$1.25M in support of 126 recreation projects through the Missouri-Madison River Fund.

Avian Protection Plan – We incorporate industry best practices developed by the Avian Power Line Interaction Committee (APLIC) to reduce bird mortalities from power line collisions and electrocutions - including avian-friendly design standards for power poles, training line crews,.

O'Dell Creek Restore



Osprey protection



collaboration with resource agencies, a formal avian mortality reporting process, building osprey platforms and efforts to increase public awareness.



ESG - Social

Community

\$2.1 Billion Economic Output in 2019 (\$1.88B in Montana & \$268M in SD/NE)

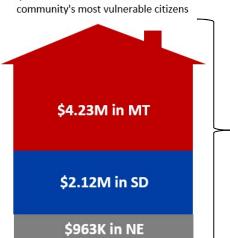
\$2.1 million Donations, Sponsorships & Economic Development in 2019

112 Number of nonprofits that received grants through Employee Volunteer Program

\$7.3 Million Low-Income Energy Assistance in 2019 **■**

Low-Income Assistance

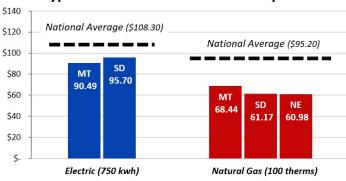
We work closely with the federal Low Income Energy Assistance programs to provide critical short-term aid to our



Customers

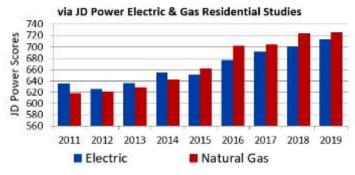
Typical Residential Bills Lower than National Average

"Typical Bill" Residential Rate Comparison



Building on Our Best – Improved Customer Satisfaction Scores

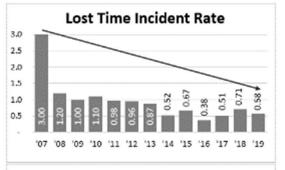
NWE's Overall Customer Satisfaction Scores

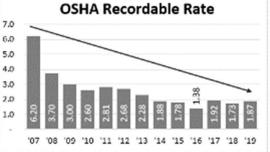


Over the last 13 years, our energy efficiency programs have helped customers save 685,041 MWh's of energy – enough to power 76,000 homes for a year.

Employees

Safety Culture Transformation





Strong Engagement

of employees are proud to work for NorthWestern Energy SpencerStuart



r

ESG - Governance

Best Score Among 50
Publicly Traded North American
Utility and Power Companies by
Moody's Investment Services on
Best Governance Practices

Corporate Governance

What We Do:

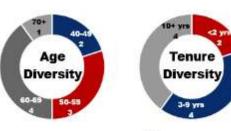
- Annual election of all directors.
- Majority vote plus resignation standard in uncontested elections. If a director receives more "WITHHOLD AUTHORITY" votes than "FOR" votes, the director must submit a resignation for the Board to consider.
- Allow shareholders owning 25 percent of our shares to call a special meeting.
- Independent Board of Directors, except our CEO.
- · Independent Board Chair.
- Each of our Board committees (audit, compensation, and governance) is made up solely of independent directors.
- Committee authority to retain independent advisors, which will be paid for by the company.
- Code of Conduct and Ethics. Applies to all employees and Board, with a separate Code of Ethics for Chief Executive Officers and Senior Financial Officers concerning financial reporting and other related matters.
- Robust stock ownership guidelines for executive officers and directors.

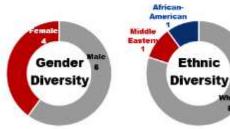
What We Don't Do:

- Poison pill or a shareholder rights plan.
- Hedging of company securities.
- Corporate political contributions.
- Supermajority voting, except to approve certain business combinations or mergers.

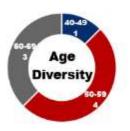
Diverse Leadership

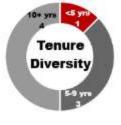
Board of Directors

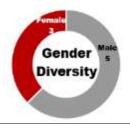




Executive Team









Other Recent Governance Recognition

2020

20 / 20 - Women on Boards

Recognized for gender diversity on its board of directors by 2020 Women on Boards. Four of the company's ten directors are female.



CORPORATE COVERNANCE ANGELINA CONTROL OF THE CONTRO

Corporate Governance Award Winner

NorthWestern Corporation's proxy statement has won governance awards – Best Proxy Statement (Small to Mid-Cap) by Corporation Secretary magazine (2014 & 2019) and Exemplary Compensation Discussion and Analysis from NYSE Governance Services (2014) and NorthWestern was recognized as a finalist by Corporate Secretary magazine in the same category for our '12, '13, '16, '17 & '18 statements

CEO Pay Ratio

To Average Employee Salary

NWE

27:1

All Utilities
Average

58:1

Peer Group Average

37:1

Our Carbon Reduction Vision for NorthWestern Energy in Montana

1

90% carbon reduction by 2045

NorthWestern Energy commits to reduce the carbon intensity of our electric energy portfolio for Montana 90% by 2045.*

* As compared with our 2010 carbon intensity as a baseline

2

Already over 60% carbon free

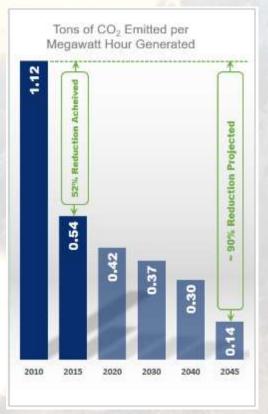
Today, NorthWestern Energy serves Montana with an electric portfolio that is over 60% carbon free and more than two times better than the total U.S electric power industry (28% carbon free – 2018 metric). Over the last decade, we have already reduced the carbon intensity of our energy generation in Montana by more than 50%.

3

How we're going to get there

Our vision for the future builds on the progress we have already made. Already, the foundation of our energy generation is our hydro system, which is 100% carbon free and is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Wind generation is a close second and continues to grow. While utility-scale solar energy

is not a significant portion of our energy mix today, we expect it to evolve along with advances in energy storage. We are committed to working with our customers and communities to help them achieve their sustainability goals and add new technology on our system.



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Proposed Colstrip Acquisition

On December 9, 2019 NorthWestern (NWE) executed a Purchase and Sale Agreement for the acquisition of Puget Sound Energy's (PSE) 25% ownership interests in Colstrip Unit 4 (CU4).

- Generating Capacity: 185 MW (bringing our total ownership to 407 MW, or 55% of CU4)
- Purchase Price: \$1.00
- PSE will remain responsible for its current pro rata ownership share of environmental
 and pension liabilities attributed to events or conditions existing prior to closing of the
 transaction and for any demolition, reclamation, or remediation costs associated with
 the existing facilities that comprise CU4.
- PSE will enter a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with NWE to purchase 90 MW of power for approximately 5 years – indexed to hourly Mid-Columbia power prices.
 - Net proceeds from the PPA will be placed in a fund and applied against future costs related to the existing 30%, or 222 MW, ownership in CU4.
 - PPA includes a price floor that reflects the recovery of all fixed operating and maintenance and variable generation costs.
- The transaction is conditioned upon MPSC Pre-Approval (filed in February 2020).
- Entered a separate agreement (predicated on approval of generation transaction) to acquire an additional 95MW interest in the 500 kV Colstrip Transmission System for net book value at time of sale – expected to be \$2.5 to \$3.8 million.

Update to transaction

- April 2020, Talen Energy, LLC exercised it's right of first refusal to accept ½ the offer made by Puget Sound Energy to NWE
- Talen's proportionate share of the 185 MW capacity is 92.5 MW
- Talen's intention to execute a contract for their share would reduce our proposed transaction to 92.5MW
- We expect to amend our application submitted to the MPSC to reflect Talen's exercise of the right of first refusal.

NWE currently has a 46% reserve margin deficit during peak periods. This exposes our customers to greater market exposure than any of our regional peers. In addition, planned retirements in the Pacific Northwest region exceeding 3,600 MW will compound our market exposure. Acquiring incremental interest in Colstrip Unit 4 will limit this impact and provide a bridge to future generation technologies.



Conclusion

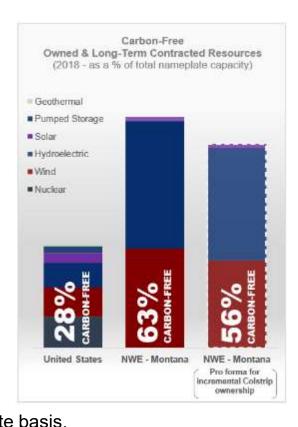


Delivering a bright future



Customer & Community Considerations

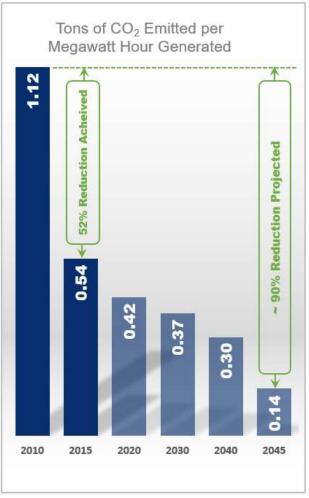
- Affordable Capacity: Acquiring a larger share of Colstrip will reduce exposure to market prices and keep energy & capacity affordable. Customer bills are expected to stay flat as a result of the transaction. Increased operating cost due to increased ownership percentage is expected to be offset by lower purchased power costs.
- Provides Reliability and Safety: Greater ownership of CU4 will expand access to around-the-clock capacity that can meet sudden increases in demand, such as when Montana experiences extremely cold temperatures – oftentimes when the wind isn't blowing and the sun isn't shining. This larger share will help keep homes warm and the lights on.
- <u>Economic Viability:</u> This transaction is a first step in preserving goodpaying jobs in Colstrip and across the state while providing critical local and state tax dollars.
- Minimal Environmental Impact: There will be **no new carbon emissions in Montana** as a result of our owning a greater share of CU4. In fact as shown in the chart to the right, even if we acquired the full 185 MW, ignoring Talen's right of first refusal, NWE Montana will still be twice as 'green' (56%) as the total U.S. electric power industry (28%) on a nameplate basis.
- Funding for Future Costs: Net benefits from the transaction and net proceeds from the 5 year PPA will be placed in a fund and applied against future costs related to NorthWestern's existing 30% ownership in CU4.
- <u>Colstrip Transmission System</u> is a critical backbone to serve our customers; allows energy import to serve
 industry, as Colstrip Units 1 and 2 close; and is an export path for Montana-based renewable development.



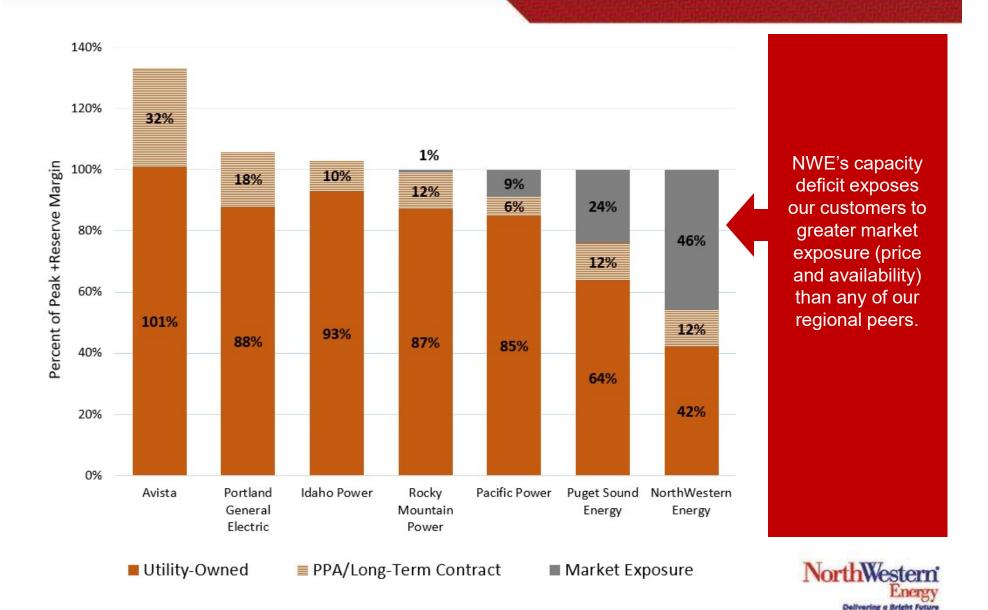
Investor & Credit Considerations

- Protects Existing Ownership Interests: Increased ownership of CU4
 provides greater say in future capital decisions to ensure the plant
 continues to operate and meet all environmental guidelines. Per the
 Joint Owners Agreement, closure of Colstrip Units 3 and 4 requires a
 unanimous decision of owners.
- <u>Limited Additional Exposure on Incremental Ownership:</u> PSE will
 continue to be responsible for existing environmental liabilities up to the
 point of sale and future remediation costs according to its pretransaction 25% joint ownership in Colstrip Unit 4.
- <u>Limited Impact on Customers' Bills:</u> Resolves a significant portion of the estimated 725 MW of capacity deficit and limits exposure of customers to high and volatile market prices.
- <u>Financial Implications:</u> Predicated on MPSC Pre-Approval, the transaction is anticipated to be earnings neutral and credit supportive (reduced energy purchases and incoming proceeds from 90MW PPA).
- Provides a Bridge to Future Generation Technologies: The region is quickly reaching a point where there may not be enough capacity during critical peak-demand times. This transaction will help meet the immediate needs of our customers while allowing time to work with

stakeholders across our state to build a plan for a cleaner energy future. We are committed to a strategy that will work for all Montanans and enable us to reach our targeted 90% reduction in CO_2 intensity by 2045, as shown in the chart above.



NWE Capacity as compared to Regional Peers



General Transaction Structure

PSE retains environmental & pension liabilities as of transaction close and responsibility for decommissioning and remediation costs at time of eventual facility closure.





12.5% or 92.5MW of Colstrip Unit 4

\$0.50 purchase price







Approx. 5% of Colstrip Transmission System

Estimated \$2.75 - \$3.75 million purchase price



PSE





Approx. 5 year, 45 MW purchase power agreement

45 MWs of Electricity

100% of net proceeds from 45 MW PPA and 90% of savings in PCCAM costs (as compared to the baseline) are applied to a Reserve Fund to provide towards NorthWestern's existing 30% ownership.

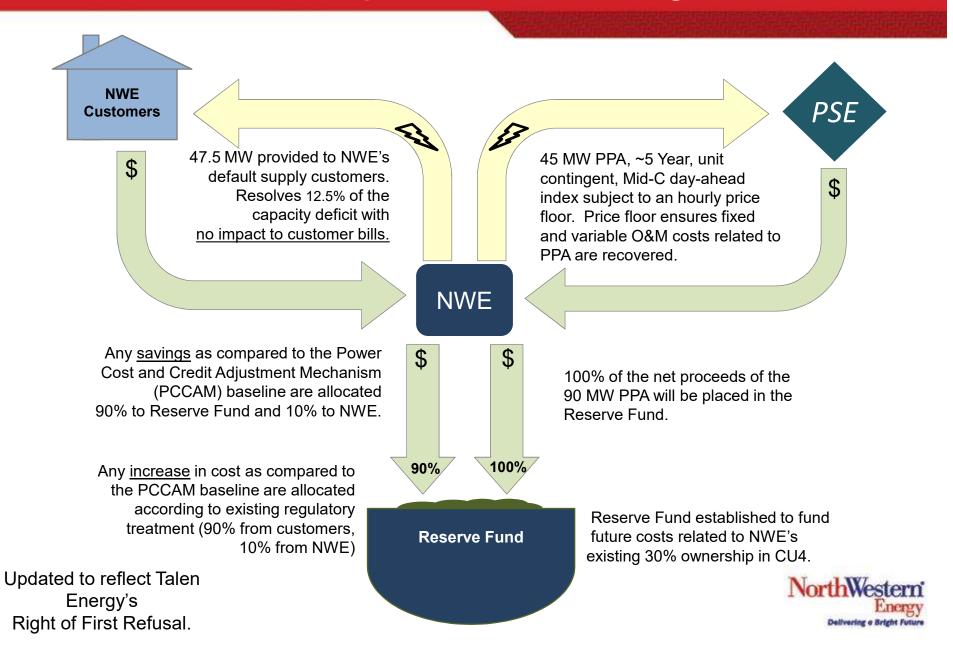
Updated to reflect Talen Energy's Right of First Refusal.

47.5MW of Electricity

NWE Customers



Proposed Post-Closing Structure





Existing Ownership



Colstrip Power Plant

Facility Owner (%)	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
AVISTA Corporation	-	-	15%	15%
NorthWestern Energy	~	-	~	30%
PacifiCorp	-	-	10%	10%
Portland General	-	-	20%	20%
Puget Sound Energy	50%	50%	25%	25%
Talen Energy	50%	50%	30%	-
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Facility Owner (MW)	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
AVISTA Corporation	-	-	111.0	111.0
NorthWestern Energy	-	-	-	222.0
PacifiCorp	-	-	74.0	74.0
Portland General	-	-	148.0	148.0
Puget Sound Energy	153.5	153.5	185.0	185.0
Talen Energy	153.5	153.5	222.0	-
Total	307.0	307.0	740.0	740.0



Colstrip Transmission System



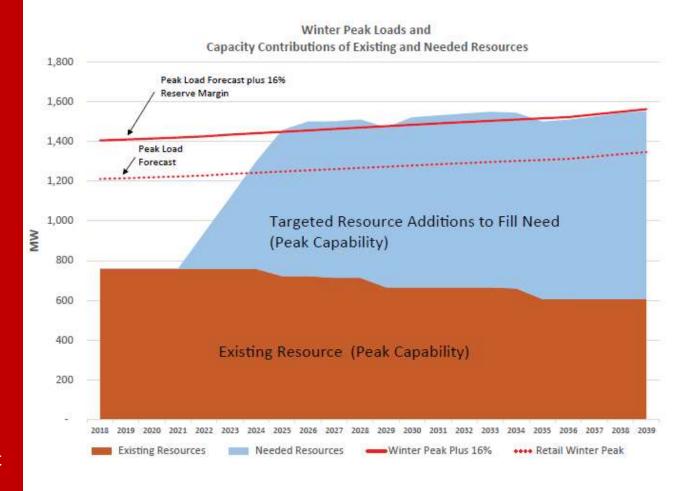
System Owner	Segment A	Segment B
AVISTA Corporation	10.2%	12.1%
NorthWestern Energy	36.4%	24.3%
PacifiCorp	6.8%	8.1%
Portland General	13.6%	16.2%
Puget Sound Energy	33.0%	39.3%



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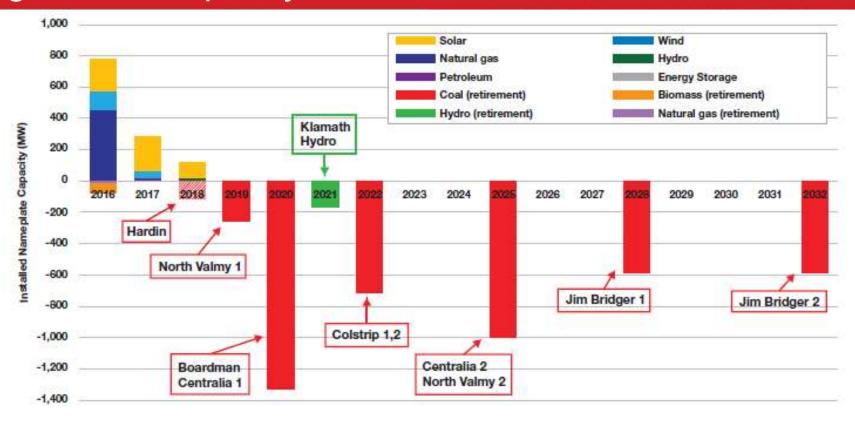
Significant Capacity Deficit in Montana

NorthWestern Energy's current resources provide about 755 MW of peaking capacity, which is the energy available during periods of our customers' highest demand. An additional 645 MW of peaking capacity must currently be purchased from the market to meet our needs. Without new capacity, the market exposure will increase to about 725 MW by 2025 (including reserve margins). This need assumes continued development of cost effective demand side management (conservation) and small distributed generators (netmetering). Meeting peak load with market purchases means being exposed to the market at the worst possible time – when the market is most volatile and prices are high.





Significant Capacity Retirements in the Pacific NW



Source: Northwest Power and Conservation Council. Note: Hardin is idle, but has not been retired.

Planned retirements in the Pacific Northwest region exceed 3,600 MW and the Northwest Power and Conservation Council forecasts regional capacity shortfalls as early as 2021. NorthWestern's continued reliance on the market to purchase energy to fill the gap during peak customer demand will significantly increase price and reliability risk for NorthWestern's customers because of the reduced energy supply availability.

Capacity Cost Alternatives

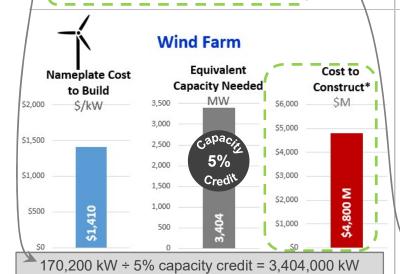


Colstrip 185 MW



185,000 kW x 92% capacity credit 170,200 kW of capacity

Purchase price: \$1.00



3,404,000 kW need x 1,410 per kW cost =

\$4.8 Billion for equivalent capacity



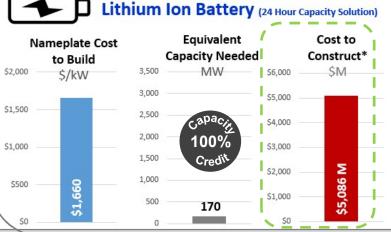
170,200 kW ÷ 97% capacity credit = 175,500 kW 175,500 kW need x \$1,361 per kW costs = \$239 Million for equivalent capacity

175

Colstrip Unit 4 purchase would resolve approximately 25% of our estimated 725 MW capacity deficit for \$1.00.

The 185 MW

Alternative solutions to provide equivalent capacity are estimated to range from roughly \$240 million to over \$5 billion.



Cost to Construct based on estimates in NWE's 2019 Electricity Supply Resource Procurement Plan

170.200 kW ÷ 100% capacity credit = 170.200 kW 170,200 kW x \$1,660 per kW = \$282.5 Million per four-hour battery bank \$282.5 Million x 18 batteries banks = \$5.1 Billion for 72 hours of battery capacity

\$239 M

Summary Financial Results (First Quarter)

(in millions except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2020		2019	Va	riance	% Variance
Operating Revenues	\$	335.2	\$	384.2	\$	(49.0)	(12.8%)
Cost of Sales		91.2		115.7		(24.5)	(21.2%)
Gross Margin (1)		244.0		268.5		(24.5)	(9.1%)
Operating Expenses							
Operating, general & administrative		79.0		81.1		(2.1)	(2.6%)
Property and other taxes		44.5		44.8		(0.3)	(0.7%)
Depreciation and depletion		45.3		45.6		(0.3)	(0.7%)
Total Operating Expenses		168.8		171.5		(2.7)	(1.6%)
Operating Income		75.2		97.0	9	(21.8)	(22.5%)
Interest Expense		(24.3)		(23.8)		(0.5)	(2.1%)
Other (Expense) / Income		(2.0)		1.1		(3.1)	(281.8%)
Income Before Taxes		48.9		74.4		(25.5)	(34.3%)
Income Tax Benefit / (Expense)		1.8		(1.6)		3.4	212.5%
Net Income	\$	50.7	\$	72.8	\$	(22.1)	(30.4%)
Effective Tax Rate		(3.7%)		2.1%		(5.8%)	
Diluted: Shares Outstanding		50.7		50.7		-	(0.0%)
Diluted Earnings Per Share		\$1.00	\$	1.44	\$	(0.44)	(30.6%)
Dividends Paid per Common Share	\$	0.60	\$	0.575	\$	0.025	4.3%



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Gross Margin (First Quarter)

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,
-----------------------	------------------------------

	2020	2019	Vari	ance
Electric	\$ 180.8	\$ 196.0	\$ (15.2)	(7.8%)
Natural Gas	63.2	72.5	(9.3)	(12.8%)
Total Gross Margin	\$ 244.0	\$ 268.5	\$ (24.5)	(9.1%)

Decrease in gross margin due to the following factors:

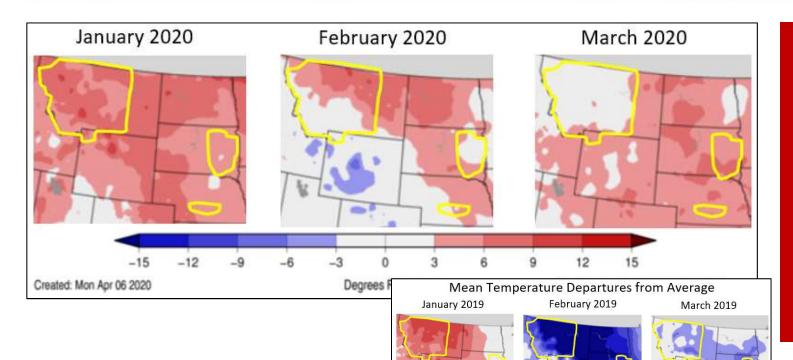
- \$ (8.7) Electric retail volumes
 - (8.4) Natural gas retail volumes
 - (1.2) Electric transmission
 - (0.6) Montana natural gas rates
 - 1.6 Montana electric retail rates
 - (4.9) Other miscellaneous nonrecurring items
- \$ (22.2) Change in Gross Margin Impacting Net Income
- \$ (1.9) Production tax credits flowed-through trackers
 - (0.7) Operating expenses recovered in trackers
 - 0.3 Property taxes recovered in trackers
- \$ (2.3) Change in Gross Margin Offset Within Net Income
- \$ (24.5) Decrease in Gross Margin



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Weather (First Quarter)

Heating Degree - Days	Qtr	1 Degree Da	ays	Q1 2020 as compared with:		
	2020		Historic Average	2019	Historic Average	
Montana	3,136	4,052	3,302	23% warmer	5% warmer	
South Dakota	4,029	4,661	4,060	14% warmer	1% warmer	
Nebraska	3,074	3,634	3,370	15% warmer	9% warmer	



A warm first quarter contributed approximately \$4.0M pretax gross margin detriment as compared to normal and \$18.0M pretax detriment as compared to first quarter 2019.





Operating Expenses (First Quarter)

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2020	2019	Varia	nce				
Operating, general & admin.	\$ 79.0	\$ 81.1	\$ (2.1)	(2.6%)				
Property and other taxes	44.5	44.8	(0.3)	(0.7%)				
Depreciation and depletion	45.3	45.6	(0.3)	(0.7%)				
Operating Expenses	\$ 168.8	\$ 171.5	\$ (2.7)	(1.6%)				

Decrease in Operating, general & administrative expense due to the following factors:

- \$ 1.4 Generation costs
 - 0.4 Other miscellaneous increases
- \$ 1.8 Change in OG&A Items Impacting Net Income
- \$ 1.7 Pension and other postretirement benefits
 - (0.7) Operating expenses recovered in trackers
- (4.9) Non-employee directors deferred compensation
- \$ (3.9) Change in OG&A Items Offset Within Net Income
- \$ (2.1) Decrease in Operating, General & Administrative Expenses
- **\$0.3 million decrease in property and other taxes** due primarily to lower MPSC tax and invasive species tax, offset in part by an increase in Montana state and local taxes.
- **\$0.3 million decrease in depreciation and depletion expense** primarily due to a depreciation adjustment consistent with the final order in our Montana electric rate case, partly offset by plant additions.

Operating to Net Income (First Quarter)

(dollars in millions)

Three Months Ended March 31,

	2020	2019	Vari	ance
Operating Income	\$ 75.2	\$ 97.0	\$ (21.8)	(22.5%)
Interest Expense	(24.3)	(23.8)	(0.5)	(2.1%)
Other (Expense) / Income	(2.0)	1.1	(3.1)	(281.8%)
Income Before Taxes	48.9	74.4	(25.5)	(34.3%)
Income Tax Benefit / (Expense)	1.8	(1.6)	3.4	212.5%
Net Income	\$ 50.7	\$ 72.8	\$ (22.1)	(30.4%)

- **\$0.5 million increase in interest expenses** was primarily due to higher borrowings.
- **\$3.1 million increase in other expense.** This includes a \$4.9 million decrease in the value of deferred shares held in trust for non-employee directors deferred compensation, partly offset by \$1.7 million decrease in other pension expense, both of which are offset in OG&A expenses with no impact to net income.
- **\$3.4 million decrease in income tax expense** primarily due to lower pretax income partially offset by lower amortization of excess deferred income tax and other flow-through items.



Income Tax Reconciliation (First Quarter)

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,								
	20	20	20	19	Variance				
Income Before Income Taxes	\$48.9		\$74.4		(\$25.5)				
Income tax calculated at federal statutory rate	10.3	21.0%	15.6	21.0%	(5.3)				
Permanent or flow through adjustments:									
State income, net of federal provisions	-	-	0.9	1.2%	(0.9)				
Flow - through repairs deductions	(7.4)	(15.2%)	(7.9)	(10.7%)	0.5				
Production tax credits	(3.6)	(7.4%)	(4.4)	(6.0%)	0.8				
Share based compensation	(0.6)	(1.2%)	0.2	0.3%	(8.0)				
Amortization of excess deferred income tax	(0.4)	(0.7%)	(1.4)	(1.8%)	1.0				
Plant and depreciation of flow-through items	0.1	0.3%	(1.5)	(2.0%)	1.6				
Recognition of unrecognized tax benefit	_	-	0.4	0.5%	(0.4)				
Other, net	(0.2)	(0.5%)	(0.3)	(0.4%)	0.1				
Sub-total	(12.1)	(24.7%)	(14.0)	(18.9%)	1.9				
Income Tax (Benefit) / Expense	\$ (1.8)	(3.7%)	\$ 1.6	2.1%	\$ (3.4)				

We expect NOLs to be available into 2021 with alternative minimum tax credits and production tax credits to be available into 2023 to reduce cash taxes. Additionally, we anticipate our effective tax rate to reach approximately 10% by 2023.



Adjusted Non-GAAP Earnings (First Quarter)

	GAAP Non-GAAP Variance		\$140.00 P	Non- GAAP	7		GAAP						
(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	Unfavorable Weather	Move Pension Expense to OG&A (disaggregated with EASU 2017-07)	Non-employee Deferred Compensation	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	<u>Varia</u> \$	ince %	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	Non-employee Deferred Compensation	Move Pension Expense to OG&A (disaggregated with ASU 2017-07)	Favorable Weather	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	
Revenues	\$335.2	4.0			\$339.2	(\$31.0)	-8.4%	\$370.2			(14.0)	\$384.2	
Cost of sales	91.2				91.2	(24.5)	-21.2%	115.7			22 (4)	115.7	
Gross Margin	244.0	4.0	4		248.0	(6.5)	-2.6%	254.5	14	-	(14.0)	268.5	
Op. Expenses OG&A Prop. & other taxes Depreciation	79.0 44.5 45.3		0.1	2.7	81.8 44.5 45.3	1.1 (0.3) (0.3)	1.4% -0.7% -0.7%	80.7 44.8 45.6	(2.2)	1.8		81.1 44.8 45.6	
Total Op. Exp.	168.8		0.1	2.7	171.6	0.5	0.3%	171.1	(2.2)	1.8	-	171.5	
Op. Income	75.2	4.0	(0.1)	(2.7)	76.4	(7.0)	-8.4%	83.4	2.2	(1.8)	(14.0)	97.0	
Interest expense Other (Exp.) Inc., net	(24.3) (2.0)		0.1	2.7	(24.3) 0.8	(0.5) 0.1	-2.1% 14.3%	(23.8) 0.7	(2.2)	1.8		(23.8) 1.1	
Pretax Income	48.9	4.0	94	<u> </u>	52.9	(7.5)	-12.4%	60.4	14	-	(14.0)	74.4	
Income tax	1.8	(1.0)	9-	2	0.8	(1.1)	-56.6%	1.9	2	-	3.5	(1.6)	
Net Income	\$50.7	3.0	- 12	- 2	\$53.7	(\$8.6)	-13.8%	\$62.3	-	2	(10.5)	\$72.8	
ETR	-3.7%	25.3%	1 1	10:	-1.5%	(1)		-3.2%		10.	25.3%	2.2%	
Diluted Shares	50.7				50.7	100	0.0%	50.7				50.7	
Diluted EPS	\$1.00	0.06	-	U	\$1.06	(\$0.17)	-13.8%	\$1.23	2	-	(0.21)	\$1.44	

The adjusted non-GAAP measures presented in the table are being shown to reflect significant items that are non-recurring or variance from normal weather. however they should not be considered a substitute for financial results and measures determined or calculated in accordance with GAAP.

(1) As a result of the adoption of Accounting Standard Update 2017-07 in March 2018, pension and other employee benefit expense is now disaggregated on the GAAP income statement with portions now recorded in both OG&A expense and Other (Expense) Income lines. To facilitate better understanding of trends in year-over-year comparisons, the non-GAAP adjustment above re-aggregates the expense in OG&A - as it was historically presented prior to the ASU 2017-07 (with no impact to net income or earnings per share).

F

Balance Sheet

(dollars in millions)	iod Ended arch 31, 2020	iod Ended ember 31, 2019	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 56.4	\$ 5.1	
Restricted cash	8.8	6.9	
Accounts receivable, net	155.9	167.4	Improvement in
Inventories	53.2	53.9	debt to
Other current assets	56.0	68.3	
Goodwill	357.6	357.6	capitalization
PP&E and other non-current assets	5,279.1	5,251.4	ratio; which is
Total Assets	\$ 5,966.9	\$ 5,910.7	now closer to
Payables	66.5	96.7	bottom end of
Finance leases	2.5	2.5	50%-55%
Other current liabilities	279.3	235.1	targeted range.
Long-term debt & capital leases	2,256.2	2,250.7	targeted range.
Other non-current liabilities	1,301.9	1,286.6	
Shareholders' equity	2,060.5	2,039.1	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 5,966.9	\$ 5,910.7	
Capitalization:			50.8% Debt to
Finance Leases	2.5	2.5	Capitalization at
Long Term Debt & Finance Leases	2,256.2	2,250.7	March 31, 2019
Less: Basin Creek Finance Lease	(19.3)	(19.9)	Maion 51, 2019
Less: New Market Tax Credit Financing Debt	(27.0)	(27.0)	
Shareholders' Equity	2,060.5	2,039.1	
Total Capitalization	\$ 4,272.9	\$ 4,245.4	NorthWestern'
Ratio of Debt to Total Capitalization	51.8%	52.0%	Energy Delivering a Bright Future

Cash Flow

		Three Months Ending March 31,						
(dollars in millions)		2020	2019					
Operating Activities								
Net Income	\$	50.7	\$	72.8				
Non-Cash adjustments to net income		48.8		48.7				
Changes in working capital		62.2		(6.5)				
Other non-current assets & liabilities		(3.5)		(3.6)				
Cash provided by Operating Activities		158.2		111.4				
Investing Activities								
PP&E additions		(78.4)		(65.6)				
Cash used in Investing Activities		(78.4)		(65.6)				
Financing Activities								
Treasury stock activity, net		(2.5)		0.8				
Borrowings (repayments) of line of credit, net		6.0		(22.0)				
Dividends on common stock		(30.1)		(28.8)				
Financing costs		(0.1)		(0.1)				
Cash used in Financing Activities		(26.7)		(50.1)				
Increase (Decrease) in Cash, Cash Equiv. & Restricted		53.1		(4.3)				
Beginning Cash, Cash Equiv. & Restricted Cash		12.1		15.3				
Ending Cash, Cash Equiv. & Restricted Cash	\$	65.1	\$	11.0				

Cash from operating activities increased by nearly \$47 million primarily due to improved collections of energy supply costs in 2020 and TCJA credits to Montana customers of approximately \$20.5 million in the first quarter of 2019. These improvements were offset in part by reduced net income.





Qualified Facility Earnings Adjustment

Liability Adjustment due to underlying change in contract pricing

Actual Cost less than expected (due to price

8	assumptions	and volumes)	Total
Jun-15	(6.1)	1.8	(4.3)
Jun-16	0.0	1.8	1.8
Jun-17	0.0	2.1	2.1
Jun-18	17.5	9.7	27.2
Jun-19	3.3	3.0	6.3

Year-over-Year Better (Worse)

6.1	0.0	6.1	Jun-16
0.3	0.3	0.0	Jun-17
25.1	7.6	17.5	Jun-18
(20.9)	(6.7)	(14.2)	Jun-19

Our electric QF liability consists of unrecoverable costs associated with contracts covered under PURPA that are part of a 2002 stipulation with the MPSC and other parties. Risks / losses associated with these contracts are born by shareholders, not customers. Therefore, any mitigation of prior losses and / or benefits of liability reduction also accrue to shareholders.

The gain in 2019 for our QF liability was \$6.3 million in total, it was comprised of \$3.3 million adjustment to the liability and \$3.0 million lower actual costs over last 12 months (QF contract year). This \$6.6 million benefit is \$20.9 million less than the \$27.2 million total benefit we recognized in Q2 last year.

Due to our expectations regarding remeasurement of our QF liability, we no longer reflect this adjustment as a non-GAAP measure. Absent a QF liability adjustment, our 2018 Adjusted Non-GAAP Diluted EPS would have been \$0.89 and \$2.00 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

Adjusted Non-GAAP Earnings (Full Year)

	GAAP					Non GAAP	Non-G Varia		Non GAAP	\					GAAP
(in millions)	Twelve Months Ended Dec. 31, 2019	Favorable Weather	Move Pension Expense to OG&A (disaggregated with ASU 2017-07)	Non-employee Deferred Compensation	Remove Benefit Related to Release of Previously Unrecognized Tax Benefits	Twelve Months Ended Dec. 31, 2019	<u>Varia</u>	nce %	Twelve Months Ended Dec. 31, 2018	Non-employee Deferred Compensation	Move Pension Expense to G&A (disaggregated with ASU 2017-07)	Impact of Tax Cuts & Jobs Act Jurisdictional Settlements	Gain on Qualifying Facilities (Periodic Liability Reset)	Favorable Weather	Twelve Months Ended Dec. 31, 2018
Revenues	\$1,257.9	(7.3)	82	-	12	\$1,250.6	\$53.8	4.5%	\$1,196.8	100	120	6.1	2	(1.3)	\$1,192.0
Cost of sales	318.0		2	0	22	318.0	27.6	9.5%	290.4	140 I	1983	55,000	17.5	S. S. S.	272.9
Gross Margin	939.9	(7.3)	72	- 1	- %	932.6	26.2	2.9%	906.4	76	- 12 N	6.1	(17.5)	(1.3)	919.1
Op. Expenses OG&A Prop. & other taxes Depreciation Total Op. Exp.	318.2 171.9 172.9 663.0	31 31 31	7.6 - - 7.6	(2.4)	-	323.4 171.9 172.9 668.2	19.9 0.6 (1.6) 18.9	6.6% 0.4% -0.9% 2.9%	303.5 171.3 174.5 649.3	(0.1) - - (0.1)	-	(3.3)		3 3	307.1 171.3 174.5 652.9
Op. Income	276.9	(7.3)	(7.6)	2.4	-	264.4	7.2	2.8%	257.2	0.1	0.2	9.4	(17.5)	(1.3)	266.3
Interest expense Other Inc. (Exp.), net	(95.1) 0.4	(21) (21)	- 7.6	(2.4)	9	(95.1) 5.6	(3.1) 1.9	-3.4% 51.4%	(92.0) 3.7	(0.1)	(0.2)	8	12	3	(92.0) 4.0
Pretax Income	182.2	(7.3)	2 1	2	- 2	174.9	6.0	3.6%	168.9	76	- 12/	9.4	(17.5)	(1.3)	178.3
Income tax Ben / (Exp)	19.9	1.8	2	2	(22.8)	(1.1)	(2.3)	-195.2%	1.2	188	3277	(22.2)	4.4	0.3	18.7
Net Income	\$202.1	(5.5)	2 1	1 E	(22.8)	\$173.8	\$3.7	2.2%	\$170.1	76	- ST	(12.8)	(13.1)	(1.0)	\$197.0
ETR	-10.9%	25.3%	1 1	-		0.6%			-0.7%	1	- 1	235.9%	25.3%	25.3%	-10.5%
Diluted Shares	50.8					50.8	0.6	1.2%	50.2						50.2
Diluted EPS	\$3.98	(0.11)			(0.45)	\$3,42	\$0.03	0.9%	\$3.39	_		(0.25)	(0.26)	(0.02)	\$3.92

The adjusted non-GAAP measures presented in the table are being shown to reflect significant items that are non-recurring or variance from normal weather. however they should not be considered a substitute for financial results and measures determined or calculated in accordance with GAAP.

(1) As a result of the adoption of Accounting Standard Update 2017-07 in March 2018, pension and other employee benefit expense is now disaggregated on the GAAP income statement with portions now recorded in both OG&A expense and Other (Expense) Income lines. To facilitate better understanding of trends in year-over-year comparisons, the non-GAAP adjustment above re-aggregates the expense in OG&A - as it was historically presented prior to the ASU 2017-07 (with no impact to net income or earnings per share).

(2) Impact of Tax Cuts & Jobs (TCJA) Jurisdictional Settlements includes the addback of \$6.1M pretax revenue deferred for customer refunds in excess of the income tax benefits realized in 2018 and \$3.3M of pretax expense related to hazard tree removal that was originally proposed to be funded with 50% of TCJA benefits (in lieu of customer refunds). This treatment was ultimately conceded in the settlement in exchange for agreement by the stipulating parties to not oppose a known-and-measureable adjustment equal to the actual 2018 expenditures for hazard tree removal included in our Montana electric rate review 2017 test year. These increases to Non-GAAP earnings were more than offset by the removal of a \$19.8M income tax benefit in 2018 related to the final adjustment of excess deferred taxes and \$2.4M of increased tax expense related to the two pretax items previously discussed ((\$6.1M + \$3.3M) x 25.3% = \$2.4M). These sum to \$22.2M (or \$19.8M + \$2.4M) increase to income tax expense and ultimately result in \$12.8M reduction to GAAP Net Income.

(3) Due to our expectations regarding remeasurement of our Qualifying Facilities (QF) liability, effective 2019 we no longer reflect this adjustment as a non-GAAP measure. Absent an adjustment to remove the QF liability benefit, our 2018 Adjusted Non-GAAP Diluted EPS would have been \$3.65 twelve months ended December 31, 2018. The 2019 QF adjustment, as noted in our gross margin discussion herein, was \$6.3 million (\$3.3 million liability reduction plus \$3.0 million lower actual output and pricing).



Quarterly PCCAM Impacts

PCCAM Impact by Quarter

Pretax Millions

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Year
'17/'18 Tracker	Full year record	led in Q3	\$3.3		\$3.3
'18/'19 Tracker	333		(\$5.1)	\$0.3	(\$4.8)
2018 (Expense) Benefit	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$1.8)	\$0.3	(\$1.5)
	845-027				
'18/'19 Tracker	(\$1.6)	\$4.6			\$3.0
'19/'20 Tracker			\$0.1	(\$0.7)	(\$0.6)
2019 (Expense) Benefit	(\$1.6)	\$4.6	\$0.1	(\$0.7)	\$2.4
'19/'20 Tracker	\$0.1				
'20/'21 Tracker					
2019 (Expense) Benefit	\$0.1				
Year-over-Year Variance	\$1.7				<u> </u>

In 2017, the Montana legislature revised the statute regarding our recovery of electric supply costs. In response, the MPSC approved a new design for our electric tracker in 2018, effective July 1, 2017. The revised electric tracker, or PCCAM established a baseline of power supply costs and tracks the differences between the actual costs and revenues. Variances in supply costs above or below the baseline are allocated 90% to customers and 10% to shareholders, with an annual adjustment. From July 2017 to May 2019, the PCCAM also included a "deadband" which required us to absorb the variances within +/- \$4.1 million from the base, with 90% of the variance above or below the deadband collected from or refunded to customers. In 2019, the Montana legislature revised the statute effective May 7, 2019, prohibiting a deadband, allowing 100% recovery of QF purchases, and maintaining the 90% / 10% sharing ratio for other purchases.

NorthWestern Energy Profile

Jurisdiction and Service	Implementation Date	Ra	ithorized ate Base (millions) (1)	R	stimated ate Base (millions) (2)	Authorized Overall Rate of Return	Authorized Return on Equity	Authorized Equity Level
Montana electric delivery and production (3)	April 2019	\$	2,030.1	\$	2,407.3	6.92%	9.65%	49.38%
Montana - Colstrip Unit 4	April 2019		304.0		284.2	8.25%	10.00%	50.00%
Montana natural gas delivery and production (4	September 2017		430.2		474.8	6.96%	9.55%	46.79%
Total Montana		\$	2,764.3	\$	3,166.3			
South Dakota electric (5)	December 2015	\$	557.3	\$	606.6	7.24%	n/a	n/a
South Dakota natural gas (5)	December 2011		65.9		69.6	7.80%	n/a	n/a
Total South Dakota		\$	623.2	\$	676.2			
Nebraska natural gas (5)	December 2007	\$	24.3	\$	31.2	8.49%	10.40%	n/a
Total NorthWestern Energy		\$	3,411.8	\$	3,873.7			

- (1) Rate base reflects amounts on which we are authorized to earn a return.
- (2) Rate base amounts are estimated as of December 31, 2019.
- (3) The revenue requirement associated with the FERC regulated portion of Montana electric transmission and DGGS are included as revenue credits to our MPSC jurisdictional customers. Therefore, we do not separately reflect FERC authorized rate base or authorized returns.
- (4) The Montana gas revenue requirement inclues a stepdown which approximates annual depletion of our natural gas production assets included in rate base.
- (5) For those items marked as "n/a", the respective settlement and/or order was not specific as to these items.

Note:

Data as reported in our 2019 10-K



2019 System Statistics







Owned	Energy	Sunnly	
Ownea	Ellelav	SUDDIV	

Electric (MW)	MT	SD	Total
Base load coal	222	210	432
Wind	51	80	131
Hydro	451	-	451
Other resources (2)	150	114	264
	874	404	1,278
Natural Gas (Bcf)	MT	SD	Total
Proven reserves	47.2	-	47.2
Annual production	3.8	-	3.8
Storage	17.8	-	17.8

Transmission

Total
6 10,738
2 77.0
Total
7 8,046
5 2,220
2 10,266
3

Distribution

Demand	MT	SD / NE (1)	Total
Daily MWs	750	200	950
Peak MWs	1,200	330	1,530
Annual GWhs	6,600	1,750	8,350
Annual Bcf	23.7	11.8	35.5
Customers	MT	SD / NE	Total
Electric	379,400	63,800 s	443,200
Natural gas	201,500	90,100	291,600
Total	580,900	153,900	734,800
System (miles)	MT	SD / NE	Total
Electric	17,972	2,292	20,264
Natural gas	4,810	2,453	7,263
Total	22,782	4,745	27,527

Note: Statistics above are as of 12/31/2019 except for electric transmission for others which is 2018 data

- (1) Nebraska is a natural gas only jurisdiction
- (2) Dave Gates Generating Station (DGGS) in Montana is a 150 MW nameplate facility but consider it a 105 MW (60 MW FERC & 45MW MPSC jurisdictions) peaker



Experienced & Engaged Board of Directors



Stephen P. Adik

- · Chairman of the Board
- Independent
- · Director since Nov. 2004



Julia L. Johnson

- · Committees: Governance
- Independent
- Director since Nov. 2004



Anthony T. Clark

- · Committees: Governance, **Human Resources**
- Independent
- Director since Dec. 2016.



Dana J. Dykhouse

- · Committees: Human Resources (chair), Audit
- Independent
- Director since Jan. 2009.



Jan R. Horsfall

- Committees: Operations (chair), Audit,
- Independent
- Director since April 2015



Britt E. Ide

- Committees: Governance. Operations
- Independent
- Director since April 2017



- (chair), Human Resources



Robert C. Rowe

- · Committees: None
- CEO and President
- Director since August 2008



Linda G. Sullivan

- · Committees: Audit (Chair), Operations
- Independent
- Director since April 2017



Mahvash Yazdi

- · Committees: Human Resources, Operations
- Independent
- · Director since December 2019



Jeff W. Yingling

- · Committees: Audit. Governance
- Independent
- Director since October 2019

Strong Executive Team



Robert C. Rowe

- President and Chief Executive Officer
- Current position since 2008



Heather H. Grahame

- General Counsel and Vice President of Regulatory and Federal Government Affairs
- Current position since 2010



Curtis T. Pohl

- Vice President -Distribution
- Current position since 2003



Brian B. Bird

- · Chief Financial Officer
- Current position since 2003



John D. Hines

- Vice President Supply/Montana Affairs
- Current Position since 2011



Bobbi L. Schroeppel

- Vice President Customer Care, Communications and Human Resources
- Current Position since 2002



Michael R. Cashell

- Vice President Transmission
- Current Position since 2011



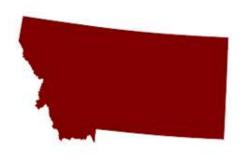
Crystal D. Lail

- Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
- Current position since 2020 (formerly VP and Controller since 2015)



Our Commissioners

Montana Public Service Commission



		Began	Term
<u>Name</u>	Party	Serving	Ends
Roger Koopman	R	Jan-13	Jan-21
Brad Johnson (Chairperson)	R	Jan-15	Jan-23
Bob Lake (Vice Chairperson)	R	Jan-13	Jan-21
Tony O'Donnell	R	Jan-17	Jan-21
Randy Pinocci	R	Jan-19	Jan-23

Commissioners are elected in statewide elections from each of five districts. Chairperson is elected by fellow Commissioners. Commissioner term is four years, Chairperson term is two years.

South Dakota Public Utilities Commission



		Began	Term
<u>Name</u>	Party	Serving	Ends
Kristie Fiegen	R	Aug-11	Jan-25
Gary Hanson (Chairperson)	R	Jan-03	Jan-21
Chris Nelson (Vice Chairperson,	R	Jan-11	Jan-23

Commissioners are elected in statewide elections. Chairperson is elected by fellow Commissioners. Commissioner term is six years, Chairperson term is one year.

Nebraska Public Service Commission



<u>Name</u>	Party	Serving	Ends
Rod Johnson (Vice Chairperson	R	Jan-93	Jan-23
Crystal Rhoades	D	Jan-15	Jan-21
Mary Ridder (Chairperson)	R	Jan-17	Jan-23
Tim Schram	R	Jan-07	Jan-25
Dan Watermeier	R	Jan-19	Jan-25

Commissioners are elected in statewide elections. Chairperson is elected by fellow Commissioners. Commissioner term is six years, Chairperson term is one year.

Unplanned Equity Dilution from Hydro transaction on-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (1 of 3)

Use of Non-	GA/	AP Fin	an	cial Me	ası	ures -	Re	concile	to	Non-	GA	AP dil	utec	EPS						
Pre-Tax Adjustments (\$ Millions)	_	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	_	<u>2015</u>		2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019
Reported GAAP Pre-Tax Income	\$	103.1	\$	102.6	S	116.5	5	108.3	5	110.4	S	181.2	5	156.5	5	176.1	\$	178.3	S	182.2
Non-GAAP Adjustments to Pre-Tax Income:																				
Weather		3.5		(3.0)		8.4		(3.7)		(1.3)		13.2		15.2		(3.4)		(1.3)		(7.3)
Release of MPSC DGGS deferral		-		-		(3.0)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Lost revenue recovery related to prior periods		-		-		(3.0)		(1.0)		-		-		(14.2)		-		-		-
DGGS FERC ALJ initial decision - portion related to 2011		-		-		7.2		-		-				-		-		-		-
MSTI Impairment		_		-		24.1		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Favorable CELP arbitration decision		-		-		(47.5)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Remove hydro acquisition transaction costs		-		-		-		6.3		15.4		-		-		-		-		-
Exclude unplanned hydro earnings		-		-		-		-		(8.7)				-				-		
Remove benefit of insurance settlement		(4.7)		-		-		-		-		(20.8)		-		-		-		-
QF liability adjustment		-		-		-		-		-		6.1		-		-		(17.5)		-
Electric tracker disallowance of prior period costs		-		-		-		-		-		-		12.2		-		-		-
Transmission impacts (unfavorable hydro conditions)		-		3.0		-		-		-		-				- 170		-		- 5
Settlement of Workers Compensation Claim		-		3.0		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Remove Montana Rate Adjustments not included in guidance		(2.9)		****		(0.0)												-		-
Income tax adjustment Adjusted Non-GAAP Pre-Tax Income	\$	99.0	\$	(10.1) 95.5	\$	(3.6) 99.1	\$	109.8	\$	115.8	\$	179.7	\$	169.7	\$	172.7	\$	9.4 168.9	\$	174.9
Tax Adjustments to Non-GAAP Items (\$ Million		2010		2011	ş	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	- 9	2019
GAAP Net Income	\$	77.4	5	92.6	S	98.4	5	-	5	120.7	-	151.2	5	164.2	-	162.7	5	197.0	S	202.1
				37.17																
Non-GAAP Adjustments Taxed at 38.5%:		2.2		(4.0)		5.2		(2.2)		(0.0)		0.1		9.3		(2.4)		(4.0)		/E E1
Weather		2.2		(1.8)				(2.3)		(0.8)		8.1		9.3		(2.1)		(1.0)		(5.5)
Release of MPSC DGGS deferral				- 5		(1.9)		(0.6)		-		-		(8.7)						
Lost revenue recovery related to prior periods		-		-		4.4		(0.6)		-		-		(0.7)		-		-		-
DGGS FERC ALJ initial decision - portion related to 2011		-		-		14.8		-		-				-				-		-
MSTI Impairment Favorable CELP arbitration decision		-		-		(29.2)		-		-		-		-		-				-
Remove hydro acquisition transaction costs		- 5				(25.2)		3.9		9.5		- 15				- 131		- 5		- 5
Exclude unplanned hydro earnings		-		-		-		3.5		(5.4)		-		-				-		-
Remove benefit of insurance settlement		(2.9)						-		(3.4)		(12.8)		-						
QF liability adjustment		(2.5)		-		-				-		3.8		-				(13.1)		-
Electric tracker disallowance of prior period costs		-						-		-		3.0		7.5				(13.1)		
Transmission impacts (unfavorable hydro conditions)		-		1.8		-				-		_		7.5				_		_
Settlement of Workers Compensation Claim				1.8						-				-						
Remove Montana Rate Adjustments not included in guidance		(1.8)		1.0		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Income tax adjustment		(1.0)		(6.2)		(2.2)				(18.5)				(12.5)				(12.8)		(22.8)
Non-GAAP Net Income	\$	74.9	\$	88.2	\$	87.7	\$	94.9	\$	105.5	\$	150.3	5	159.8	\$	160.6	\$	170.1	\$	173.8
		344 37 1	-	3015-91	100	101-78/37				5 1979 N	-	7000							9537	2000000
Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	2	2015	2	016	2	017	2	2018	2	019
Diluted Average Shares (Millions)	•	36.2	•	36.5	•	37.0	•	38.2	•	40.4		47.6	•	48.5	•	48.7	•	50.2	^	50.8
Reported GAAP Diluted earnings per share	5	2.14	\$	2.53	5	2.66	\$	2.46	5	2.99	5	3.17	5	3.39	\$	3.34	\$	3.92	5	3.98
Non-GAAP Adjustments:																				
Weather		0.06		(0.05)		0.14		(0.05)		(0.02)		0.17		0.19		(0.04)		(0.02)		(0.11)
Release of MPSC DGGS deferral		-		-		(0.05)		-				-		-		-		-		-
Lost revenue recovery related to prior periods		200		-		(0.05)		(0.02)		-		-		(0.18)		-		-		-
DGGS FERC ALJ initial decision - portion related to 2011		-		72		0.12		2		-		- 2		-		-		-		-
MSTI Impairment		-		-		0.40		-				-		-		-		-		-
Favorable CELP arbitration decision		-		-		(0.79)		1.5		-		-		-		-		-		-
Remove hydro acquisition transaction costs		- 4		112		4		0.11		0.24		-		2		_				-
Exclude unplanned hydro earnings		-		12		-		-		(0.14)		-		-		-		-		-
Remove benefit of insurance settlements & recoveries		(0.08)		-		-		-		-		(0.27)		-		-		-		-
QF liability adjustment		-		-		-		-				0.08		-		-		(0.26)		-
Electric tracker disallowance of prior period costs								-		-		-		0.16		-		200		-
Transmission impacts (unfavorable hydro conditions)		-		0.05		-		-		-				-		-		-		-
Settlement of Workers Compensation Claim		-		0.05		-		-		-/		-		-		-		-		-
Remove Montana rate adjustments not included in guidance		(0.05)		(0.47)		(0.00)		-		-		-		-		-		(0.05)		(0.45)

(0.47)

information prepared in accordance with GAAP, as well as other financial measures, such as Gross Margin and Adjusted Diluted EPS, that are considered "non-GAAP financial measures." Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's financial performance, financial position or cash flows that exclude (or include) amounts that are included in (or excluded from) the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Gross Margin (Revenues less Cost of Sales) is a non-GAAP financial measure due to the exclusion of depreciation from the measure. Gross Margin is used by us to determine whether we are collecting the appropriate amount of energy costs from customers to allow recovery of operating costs. Adjusted Diluted EPS is another non-GAAP measure. The Company believes the presentation of Adjusted Diluted EPS is more representative of our normal earnings than the GAAP EPS due to the exclusion (or inclusion) of certain impacts that are not reflective of ongoing earnings.

These materials include financial

The presentation of these non-GAAP measures is intended to supplement investors' understanding of our financial performance and not to replace other GAAP measures as an indicator of actual operating performance. Our measures may not be comparable to other companies' similarly titled measures.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (2 of 3)

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures - Dividend Payout Ratio to GAAP and Non-GAAP diluted EPS

(per share)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Dividend per Share	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.44	\$ 1.48	\$ 1.52	\$ 1.60	\$ 1.92	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.10	\$ 2.20	\$ 2.30
Reported GAAP diluted EPS	\$ 2.14	\$ 2.53	\$ 2.66	\$ 2.46	\$ 2.99	\$ 3.17	\$ 3.39	\$ 3.34	\$ 3.92	\$ 3.98
Dividend Payout Ratio - GAAP diluted EPS	63.6%	56.9%	55.6%	61.8%	53.5%	60.6%	59.0%	62.9%	56.1%	57.8%
Reported Non-GAAP diluted EPS	\$ 2.07	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.37	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.68	\$ 3.15	\$ 3.30	\$ 3.30	\$ 3.39	\$ 3.42
Dividend Payout Ratio - Non-GAAP diluted EPS	65.7%	59.8%	62.4%	60.8%	59.7%	61.0%	60.6%	63.6%	64.9%	67.3%

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures - Return on Average Equity for GAAP and Non-GAAP Earnings

(per share)	2	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
GAAP Net Income (\$M's)	\$	77.4	\$ 92.6	\$ 98.4	\$ 94.0	\$ 120.7	\$	151.2	\$ 164.2	\$ 162.7	\$ 197.0	\$ 202.1
Average Quarterly Equity (\$M's)	\$	809.5	\$ 842.8	\$ 895.9	\$ 991.1	\$ 1,119.3	\$	1,520.2	\$ 1,632.3	\$ 1,720.4	\$ 1,875.7	\$ 2,064.4
Return On Average Equity (ROAE) - GAAP Earnings		9.6%	11.0%	11.0%	9.5%	10.8%		9.9%	10.1%	9.5%	10.5%	9.8%
Reported Non-GAAP diluted EPS		\$2.07	\$2.41	\$2.37	\$2.50	\$2.68		\$3.15	\$3.30	\$3.30	\$3.39	\$3.42
Average Diluted Shares (M)		36.2	36.5	37.0	38.2	39.3		47.6	48.4	48.7	50.0	50.0
Calculated Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income (\$M's)		\$75.0	\$88.2	\$87.7	\$94.9	\$105.3		\$150.3	\$159.8	\$160.6	\$170.1	\$171.6
Return on Average Equity (ROAE) - Non-GAAP Earnings		9.3%	10.5%	9.8%	9.6%	9.4%		9.9%	9.8%	9.3%	9.1%	8.3%

Net Operating Losses (NOL's):

The expected tax rate and the expected availability of NOLs are subject to significant business, economic, regulatory and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Company and its management, and are based upon assumptions with respect to future decisions, which are subject to change. Actual results will vary and those variations may be material. For discussion of some of the important factors that could cause these variations, please consult the "Risk Factors" section of our most recent 10-K filed with the SEC.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures (3 of 3)

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures - Free Cash Flow - 2010 to 2019

(in millions)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total Capital Spending	240.7	188.7	322.5	299.1	1,174.0	430.4	287.9	276.4	305.0	316.2
Less: Infrastructure Programs (DSIP/TSIP)	-	(15.2)	(18.7)	(47.4)	(52.0)	(51.6)	(47.8)	(37.3)	-	-
Less: Investment Growth	(125.7)	(43.9)	(170.5)	(126.6)	(964.2)	(195.9)	(7.5)	(3.9)	(31.3)	(13.7)
Maintenance Capex	115.1	129.7	133.2	125.2	157.8	182.9	232.6	235.3	273.7	302.5
Free Cash Flow										
Cash Flow from Operations	218.9	233.8	251.2	193.7	250.0	339.8	286.8	322.7	382.0	296.7
Less: Maintenance Capex	(115.1)	(129.7)	(133.2)	(125.2)	(157.8)	(182.9)	(232.6)	(235.3)	(273.7)	(302.5)
Less: Dividends	(49.0)	(51.9)	(54.2)	(57.7)	(65.0)	(90.1)	(95.8)	(101.3)	(109.2)	(115.1)
Free Cash Flow	54.9	52.2	63.7	10.9	27.2	66.9	(41.5)	(13.8)	(0.9)	(120.9)

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures - Gross Margin Full Year Ending March 31, 2020

(in millions)	<u>E</u> I	Electric			0	ther	Total		
Operating Revenues	\$	244.6	\$	90.6	\$	-	\$	335.3	
Cost of Sales	\$	63.8	\$	27.4	\$	-	\$	91.3	
Gross Margin	\$	180.8	\$	63.2	\$	-	\$	244.0	

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures - Gross Margin Year Ending March 31, 2020

(in millions)	Montana	South Dakota	Nebraska	Eliminations	Total
Operating Revenues	\$ 261.5	\$ 64.1	\$ 11.1	\$ -	\$ 336.7
Cost of Sales	\$ 58.3	\$ 27.3	\$ 7.1	\$ -	\$ 92.7
Gross Margin	\$ 203.2	\$ 36.9	\$ 3.9	\$ -	\$ 244.0

The data presented in this presentation includes financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP, as well as other Non-GAAP financial measures such as Gross Margin (Revenues less Cost of Sales), Free Cash Flows (Cash flows from operations less maintenance capex and dividends) and Net Debt (Total debt less capital leases), that are considered "Non-GAAP financial measures." Generally, a Non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's financial performance, financial position or cash flows that exclude (or include) amounts that are included in (or excluded from) the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. The presentation of Gross Margin, Free Cash Flows and Net Debt is intended to supplement investors' understanding of our operating performance. Gross Margin is used by us to determine whether we are collecting the appropriate amount of energy costs from customers to allow recovery of operating costs. Net Debt is used by our company to determine whether we are properly levered to our Total Capitalization (Net Debt plus Equity). Our Gross Margin, Free Cash Flows and Net Debt measures may not be comparable to other companies' similarly labeled measures. Furthermore, these measures are not intended to replace measures as determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of operating performance.



Delivering a bright future

