1 2 3 4 5 6	Montana Public Service Commiss Docket No. 2022.07. Electric and Natural Gas General Rate Rev		Docket No. 2022.07.078
6 7		PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMO	ONY
8		OF BRIAN B. BIRD	
9		ON BEHALF OF NORTHWESTERN	I ENERGY
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21		Witness Information	
22	Q.	Please identify yourself, your employer, and	d your job title.
23	A.	My name is Brian B. Bird. I am NorthWestern	Energy's ("NorthWestern"
24		or "Company") President and Chief Operating	Officer.
25			
26	Q.	Please provide a description of your relevan	nt employment
27		experience and other professional qualifica	tions.

1 A. I have 35 years of experience within the fields of corporate finance,
2 treasury, tax, audit, and accounting and was promoted to my current
3 position in February 2021. In this role, I oversee NorthWestern's
4 operations, including electric and natural gas supply, transmission, and
5 distribution as well as customer care and technology. Prior to that, I
6 served 18 years as NorthWestern's Chief Financial Officer.

I have Bachelor's degrees in both Finance and Accounting and a Master's degree in Finance and hold a Certified Public Accountant certificate.

Purpose and Summary of Testimony

Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide the overarching policy testimony that guides the proposals and requests included in NorthWestern's 2022 Regulatory Rate Review. I introduce NorthWestern's witnesses who provide a more detailed explanation of NorthWestern's major initiatives and investments in the utility infrastructure needed to provide critical energy services, our proposals in this case, and the reasons the Montana Public Service Commission ("Commission") should grant our requests.

Q. Please summarize your testimony.

authorized return.

A. NorthWestern's goal in this rate review is to seek more timely recovery of
the costs required to provide safe and reliable service to our customers.

Timely cost recovery is necessary to ensure that NorthWestern is able to
continue meeting our customers' needs for safe and reliable service at
reasonable rates and allows NorthWestern a better opportunity to earn its

Since the last rate reviews, NorthWestern has invested over a billion dollars in our combined Montana electric and gas critical infrastructure business and currently is not recovering the costs of these investments. Approximately 40% of the requested rate relief represents recovery of flow-through costs driven by market power purchases and property taxes. NorthWestern must pay these flow-through costs but does not have control over them. With the requested rate relief, our total customer bills will increase in line with inflation, including the substantial increase in flow-through costs.

In pursuit of this goal, NorthWestern includes proposals typically expected in a rate review – a presentation of updated cost of service to support our request for authorized revenue requirement for a 2021 test year with adjustments for known and measurable adjustments for 2022 and updated rate of return. To further advance this goal, NorthWestern puts forth

proposals to redesign our Power Costs and Credits Adjustment

Mechanism ("PCCAM") and Fixed Cost Recovery Mechanism ("FCRM") to
better align customer bills with costs incurred to serve customers under
current market conditions, discussed further in the Pre-filed Direct

Testimony of Cynthia S. Fang. NorthWestern proposes cost recovery
mechanisms that would allow for more timely cost recovery associated
with programs critical to providing safe and reliable service to customers –
specifically, NorthWestern's proposed Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan,
Business Technology costs, including cyber security costs, and the
proposal introducing a Reliability Rider to support the development of
critical reliability resources – which are discussed further by Ms. Fang as
well as several other NorthWestern witnesses, which I detail below.

NorthWestern Energy's Role and Services

- Q. Please provide an overview of NorthWestern and the services it provides.
- For more than 100 years, NorthWestern has delivered safe, reliable, and innovative energy solutions. We build, maintain, and operate electric and natural gas systems in Montana, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Yellowstone National Park, as reflected in Figure 1 below.

NorthWestern's 1,483 employees serve a total of 753,600 gas and electric customers across Montana, South Dakota, and Nebraska, which

encompasses electric service to 318 communities and natural gas service to 183 communities. Within Montana, NorthWestern's 1,187 employees serve 391,400 electric customers and 206,600 gas customers and cover 107,600 square miles, representing 73% of Montana. This rate review is limited to the cost of service related to our Montana customers.

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Figure 1: Our Service Territory

In addition to the ownership and operation of critical natural gas and
electric transmission and distribution systems and natural gas production,
NorthWestern owns and operates a diverse generation fleet of hydro,

2 2021.1

As a public utility, NorthWestern is subject to direct government regulation
of prices and services in Montana by the Commission. Ensuring Montana
customers receive safe and reliable energy services is the shared
responsibility of both NorthWestern and the Commission. As such,
NorthWestern requests the Commission consider and approve its
proposals for more timely cost recovery in this 2022 Rate Review.

wind, natural gas, and coal-fired resources that is 59% carbon free for

Q. What are NorthWestern's vision, mission statement, and values?

A. Our brand defines the collective promise we make to customers, shareholders, and employees, a promise we must live up to and deliver consistently. Our vision is "Enriching lives through a safe, sustainable future."

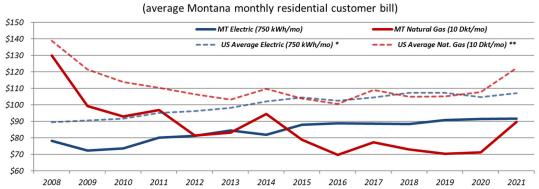
We recognize the critical role that energy services provide in the quality of life for our customers. We are continually making investments in maintaining and modernizing our infrastructure to improve safety and reliability and operate a portfolio of electric generation resources that is 59% carbon free.² Overall, Montana ranks well compared to other states

¹ See NorthWestern 10K at page 9. <u>Inline XBRL Viewer (sec.gov)</u>. NorthWestern is carbon free 56% across its territory and 59% carbon free in Montana.
² *Id.*

concerning affordability and reliability of electric rates and services.³ We provide affordable electric and natural gas services giving the average Montana customer monthly bills well below the national average for over a decade as presented in Figure 2 below.

Figure 2: Typical Residential Bill

Typical Residential Electric and Natural Gas Bill



^{*} Electric - EEI Typical Bills and Average Rates Reports - Winter & Summer 2008-2021

Our mission statement is "Working together to deliver safe, reliable and innovative energy solutions that create value for customers, communities, employees and investors."

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Our values are SERVICE -

Safety - We strive to do our jobs safely every day, without fail and without exception. We ensure the safety of our customers, the

^{**} Natural Gas - EIA U.S. Price of Natural Gas Delivered to Residential Customers 2008-2021

³ See Electric Utility Performance: A State-by-State Data Review, The Citizens Utility Board (CUB) Report (https://www.citizensutilityboard.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/Electric-Utility-Performance-A-State-By-State-Data-Review final.pdf).

1	environment, and the public through proper maintenance of our	
2	equipment and strict adherence to our belief in maintaining a safe	
3	working environment.	
4		
5	Excellence - We aim to achieve the highest levels of satisfaction,	
6	reliability, and performance in everything we do. We're always	
7	striving for improvement and questioning the status quo.	
8		
9	Respect - We value diversity, equity, and inclusion. Every	
10	employee is treated with dignity and fairness. We value diversity of	
11	thought, background, culture, perspective, and experience.	
12		
13	Value - We are committed to providing shareholders with returns	
14	that are among the best in our industry. Value to our customers	
15	comes through the products and services we deliver at prices that	
16	illustrate our focus on quality, efficiency, and productivity.	
17		
18	Integrity - We adhere to ethical business practices and are honest	
19	and transparent in our actions.	
20		
21	Community - Our success is tied to the success of each and every	
22	one of our communities. We aim to be a good corporate citizen	

1 through the contribution of our time, talent, and resources to help 2 our communities fulfill their vision of success and, 3 **Environment -** We are committed to providing all customers with 4 5 utility services that meet their current and future needs, while 6 protecting and enhancing the quality of the environment. We will 7 utilize our limited natural resources wisely and act responsibly to limit impacts on our air, water, and land resources. 8 9 10 Q. Please describe NorthWestern's company goals. 11 Α. NorthWestern's goal is to provide safe and reliable service to our 12 customers. The pursuit of this goal requires focus in the following areas: 1. Deliver safe, high-quality, environmentally responsible energy 13 14 services at reasonable prices. This requires continued 15 maintenance and investments in electric and natural gas capacity, 16 reliability, and system modernization; 17 2. Customer Experience and Community Engagement – Continue to 18 be a customer-focused, community-minded, and globally aware 19 organization; 20 3. Culture, Skills, and Capabilities – Foster a skilled and empowered 21 workforce embracing ever changing roles embodied by our 22 SERVICE values:

4. Regulatory Health – Partner with the Commission and stakeholders

to achieve consistent and reasonable regulatory outcomes, and

23

 Financial Health – Maintain and enhance the financial strength of the organization through effective management to ensure safe and reliable service to meet customer needs.

The testimonies presented by NorthWestern discuss the actions we are taking to achieve these goals and how this rate review supports those actions.

Α.

Q. Can you please identify the critical services that NorthWestern provides to its Montana customers?

The energy services we provide, electricity and natural gas, are an essential part of modern life and important to the U.S. economy. Our residential customers use electricity for basic essentials necessary in life such as lighting, heating, cooling, and refrigeration, and most recently to enable work and school from home when necessary, and natural gas service for heating and cooking. These energy services are just as critical for the basic day-to-day operations of our Montana business customers.

According to the Department of Homeland Security, there are "16 critical infrastructure sectors whose assets, systems, and networks, whether physical or virtual, are considered so vital to the United States that their incapacitation would have a debilitating effect on security, national

economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination thereof."4

The energy sector is uniquely critical because it provides an "enabling function" across all 16 critical infrastructure sectors. In other words, without NorthWestern's electric and natural gas infrastructure, our quality of life would suffer and our security (economic or otherwise) would be severely impacted. Energy is the building block for everyday life.

- Q. What challenges does NorthWestern currently face in delivering safe and reliable service to customers?
- NorthWestern must continue to address the risk of wildfires in its Montana service territory. NorthWestern proposes in this rate review the establishment of an Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan. The proposed Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan seeks to expand upon our existing Vegetation Management and Hazard Tree programs to address wildfire risks more broadly. The Pre-filed Direct Testimonies of Curtis T. Pohl, Gregory F. Bailly, and Nathaniel P. Linder discuss it.

As with other industries, NorthWestern is exposed to increasing risks of cyber attacks that could impact our ability to provide critical energy service to our customers. NorthWestern seeks the Commission's approval for

⁴ See Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency Brief <u>Critical Infrastructure Sectors</u> <u>CISA</u> (visited April 9, 2022).

specific funding to ensure we keep pace with our cyber security needs to minimize risks to service interruptions due to cyber attacks. This proposal is discussed further in the Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Jeanne M. Vold.

Ensuring that our customers continue to receive reliable energy services to meet their critical needs requires continual investment in our infrastructure – distribution, transmission, and generation – to ensure it is sufficient to meet our customers' energy and capacity needs. Our direct case speaks to the need for investment and operating expenses that are necessary to help mitigate potential reliability risks. Mr. Pohl speaks to distribution initiatives while the Pre-filed Direct Testimonies of Michael R. Cashell and John D. Hines discuss the Company's major initiatives in transmission and generation, respectively.

To continue to effectively provide safe and reliable energy services to our customers, NorthWestern must be a financially healthy utility. One of the most essential requirements for a utility's financial health is timely cost recovery. Nearly 40% of the request in this rate review is the recovery of pass through energy supply costs and property taxes that should have come to NorthWestern well before the conclusion of this review. Other utilities have recovery mechanisms that allow them more timely recovery of investments they make and do not result in the regulatory lag associated with rate reviews. More timely cost recovery allows better

cash flows and earnings to improve rating agency metrics and financial results, which lead to more attractive debt and equity costs that are ultimately passed on to customers. To continue investment in infrastructure to provide safe, reliable, and affordable service, NorthWestern needs affordable access to capital from both debt and equity. As discussed further in the Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Crystal D. Lail, NorthWestern has significantly under-earned in Montana over the last four years for its electric utility while also under-earning for its natural gas utility for the last two years. A financially healthy utility ultimately delivers lower costs to customers.

Α.

Q. What additional services does NorthWestern provide customers and our communities?

NorthWestern is by far Montana's largest infrastructure provider. In 2022, we expect to invest approximately \$500 million in electric and natural gas projects that improve service to customers and expand capacity to facilitate growth in the state. NorthWestern commissions an annual economic impact analysis by Circle Analytics,⁵ a Montana-based consultant. The analysis quantifies the financial impact NorthWestern makes on the states and communities it serves. The study found NorthWestern has a significant impact on the financial well-being of the state. Through our investments and services, we provide 13,931 good-

⁵ About Us – Circle Analytics.

1 paying jobs for others and have an annual \$2.3 billion impact on gross 2 economic output in the state. 3 4 Every day our electric and natural gas personnel in the field interact with 5 our customers to restore service or add new services to our communities. 6 Our customer service employees help customers with any questions or 7 complaints they may have regarding that service. These customer service personnel are located at our call centers and at our service centers at our 8 9 larger locations scattered throughout Montana. 10 11 NorthWestern is an active partner in each of the communities we serve. 12 With nearly 1,200 Montana employees, we are one of the largest 13 employers in the state, and many of our employees are very active in their 14 communities. More information regarding our customer service and 15 employees can be found in Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Bobbi L. 16 Schroeppel. 17 18 Q. Is there a relationship between NorthWestern's financial health and 19 the utility's ability to reliably serve customers? 20 Α. Yes. A financially healthy utility drives lower costs for customers and 21 encourages economic development. Utilities compete for capital, and 22 financially healthy utilities attract more capital and thus are able to attract it

at a lower cost for their customers. It is simple supply and demand

economics. We have proof of this over the history of this Company. After we emerged from bankruptcy in late 2004, our credit ratings started to rise just as we were increasing the amount of investment as a company. With those higher credit ratings, the amount of credit spread (think premium on our interest cost) came down, which was a reduction in costs for our customers. Unfortunately, as of late, our credit ratings have come down and our credit spreads necessary to pay investors have gone up higher than what our peer utilities have to pay. Thus, the financial health of the Company has a direct impact on customers. Ms. Lail speaks more to the importance of financial health to the Company in her testimony.

Α.

Q. Why is NorthWestern seeking a rate increase at this time?

Since our last rate reviews, we have invested approximately \$835 million in capital additions in the electric system and \$267 million in capital additions to the natural gas system that are serving customers. There are also \$336.1 million in known and measurable additions in 2022. As a result of our investments, our system is more resilient and reliable. The cumulative impact of these capital investments is the most significant driver of our need for a general rate review at this time, coupled with cost pressures in key areas including business technology and labor. In order to limit the impact to our customers of over a billion dollars of investment, we have kept our operations and maintenance expenses low. Ms. Lail provides analysis of NorthWestern's operating costs with benchmarking to

peer utilities showing that NorthWestern has the best cost ratio from multiple approaches.

Q.

Α.

- Did NorthWestern consider the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and current inflation on customers in its decision to file this case?

 Yes. We recognize that our rate relief request will impact our customers during a period when other prices are also increasing. However, after approximately four years of significant investment in our electric operations and six years since our last natural gas rate review, we cannot
- further postpone filing a new general rate review. During this period of increased investment, NorthWestern has not been earning its authorized Return on Equity ("ROE"). As Ms. Lail explains, this under-earning is likely the result of factors such as regulatory lag, lack of cost recovery mechanisms, and ineffective cost-recovery mechanisms.

- Q. How does the requested rate relief compare with inflation over the time period since NorthWestern last filed rate reviews?
- **A.** Figure 3 below compares the impacts of NorthWestern's requested rate
 19 relief on the typical residential customer's bill for electric services with
 20 inflation since January 2018. Based on our current expectations, typical
 21 residential customer bills should continue to be below the impacts of
 22 inflation.

In addition to the costs of utility services recovered through base rates,

NorthWestern's customer bills include the recovery of flow-through costs

related to market energy costs and property taxes. These flow-through

costs make up over one-third of a typical residential customer's bill for

electric service. Updates to these flow-through costs represents over 40%

of the bill impacts for the typical residential electric customer from

NorthWestern's request for rate relief.

Figure 3: NorthWestern's Electric Bill vs. CPI

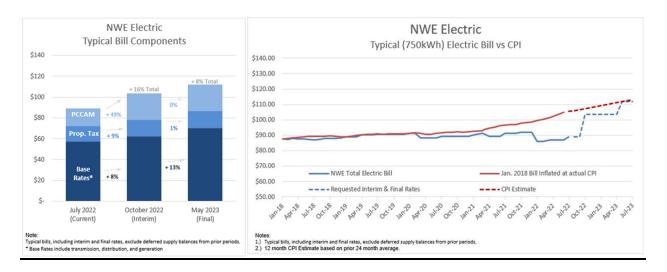


Figure 4 below compares the impacts of NorthWestern's requested rate relief on the typical residential customer's bill for natural gas services with inflation since January 2016. The impact of NorthWestern's request for rate relief is expected to be greater than the impacts of inflation on typical residential customer's natural gas bill.

As with NorthWestern's customers' electric bills, natural gas bills include the recovery of flow-through costs related to market energy costs and property taxes in addition to the costs of utility services recovered through base rates. For a typical residential natural gas customer, these flow-through costs make up over 50% of their bill for natural gas service.

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NWE Natural Gas **NWE Natural Gas** Typical Bill Components Typical (65 therm) Natural Gas Bill vs CPI \$90 \$80 + 2% Total \$70 \$60 0% \$60.00 \$50 10% \$40.00 NWE Total Nat. Gas Bill Jan. 2016 Bill Inflated at actual CPI \$20 \$30.00 + 16% - Requested Interim & Final Rates ---- CPI Estimate \$10 \$20.00 Aug 2022 (Current) May 2023 (Final) Confirm but I don't believe any deferred gas costs have been 2.) 12 month CPI estimate based on prior 24 month average Note:

* Base Rates include transmission, distribution, storage and produc

Figure 4: NorthWestern's Natural Gas Bill vs. CPI

Overview of NorthWestern Operations

- Q. How do the requests for cost recovery in this rate review support safe and reliable service for Montana consumers?
- A. The scope of this rate review addresses historic 2021 costs NorthWestern incurred in providing service to our customers, with the ability to adjust for "known and measurable" projected 2022 costs. By the time this rate review is resolved and NorthWestern is able to implement the rates approved by the Commission, even the 2022 costs will be historic costs that we will have already incurred to serve our customers. The rates approved by the Commission will fail to capture the increasing costs of

serving our customers that NorthWestern expects to incur in 2023. Unlike other businesses, as a regulated utility, NorthWestern will not be able to adjust our prices, the rates paid by customers, to account for the change in costs, except in very limited instances, until the approval of our next rate review. NorthWestern asks the Commission to approve more timely recovery of costs in three critical areas: (1) Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan, (2) Business Technology/cyber security, and (3) reliability resources. Ms. Lail and Ms. Fang discuss the details of NorthWestern's proposal in these three areas in their testimonies.

- Q. Please describe the persistent impacts the COVID-19 pandemic has had on NorthWestern's operations and on the cost of service.
- A. The pandemic has had a profound effect on our employees and our customers. First and foremost was the concern for the safety of our employees as they worked to ensure our customers continued to receive safe and reliable service.

The energy services provided by NorthWestern became even more critical as our customers began to work and attend school from home as a result of the pandemic. NorthWestern proactively reached out to customers to provide assistance during these economically challenging times. Ms. Schroeppel discusses these efforts in further detail.

Our employees rose to the challenge of the pandemic. As with other businesses across the country, NorthWestern was greatly affected by the impacts to the supply chain and labor force, yet we continued to provide our customers with safe and reliable energy services. We are proud of the exemplary effort and results achieved by our employees during an incredibly difficult time. These impacts are discussed further by Mr. Pohl for Distribution and Mr. Cashell for Transmission.

Α.

Q. How does NorthWestern plan to meet the future needs of its customers?

NorthWestern continues to make investments with clear benefits for Montana customers, including modernizing, securing, and hardening our systems. We also continue to invest in energy supply resources like the construction of a new natural gas-fired Yellowstone County Generating Station to provide needed capacity when the wind is not blowing and the sun is not shining. We continue to expand our electric and natural gas transmission facilities to ensure current capacity constraints can be mitigated over time. We continue to implement technologies that will identify problems in our delivery system before they occur and thus better enable us to focus our efforts and dollars. We plan to expand our wildfire mitigation efforts from our forested areas to system-wide areas, particularly with our changing weather patterns and length of the wildfire season. We continue to deploy advanced metering infrastructure ("AMI")

to our customers to not only improve information available to us to enhance our service, but also information ultimately available to customers to make better usage decisions. We plan to finish rolling out LED lights to use better and more efficient technology. We continue to invest in technology to maintain and improve our customer service experience and make it easier for customers to communicate with us using the channel they prefer. Finally, we invest in technology that will make sure all of these investments are working together and providing the information we need to perform at a high level.

Α.

Rate Review Overview

Q. Please provide a summary of what NorthWestern proposes in this rate review.

First and foremost, we are proposing to achieve base cost recovery with a test year revenue requirement, appropriate known and measurable adjustments, and a fair ROE. We also seek more timely interim rates to provide more timely relief for the increased cost of service reflected in this rate review at no risk to Montana customers.

Next, we propose a redesign of the PCCAM to allow for more timely and fair recovery of our supply costs. The update to the PCCAM Base Costs, a flow-through that recovers market-based energy costs, represents 40% of NorthWestern's electric rate relief request. NorthWestern's proposal to

1 redesign its current PCCAM includes a proposal for annual Base Cost 2 updates that would better manage customer bill impacts related to flow-3 through costs over which NorthWestern has little control. We also 4 propose to reform the FCRM to better address its stated policy purpose. 5 The current FCRM design is flawed and should be eliminated if not 6 reformed. 7 8 We propose additional extended cost recovery mechanisms to more 9 timely recover important costs. This includes costs associated with 10 wildfire mitigation and Business Technology (including cyber threats). We 11 also propose a reliability rider for more timely cost recovery of investments 12 that are needed to reliably serve our customers, including the Yellowstone 13 County Generating Station. This proposed rider is necessary to build this 14 capacity resource without significantly impacting the financial health of 15 NorthWestern. 16 17 Finally, we propose to redesign lighting rates to better align with the cost 18 of lighting services with the implementation of NorthWestern's LED 19 Lighting Project ("LED Project"). 20 21 NorthWestern's case represents a very important rate review that relies 22 heavily on a reasonable outcome so that we can improve our financial

health, which will allow us to better serve our customers going forward.

1 NorthWestern presents witnesses that discuss each of these proposals in 2 greater detail and I introduce those witnesses below. 3 4 5 **Introduction of Witnesses** 6 Q. Please identify the additional witnesses testifying on behalf of 7 NorthWestern in this proceeding. 8 Α. The following are the NorthWestern experts who provide the further details 9 supporting proposals in this rate review, listed by key functional areas. 10 11 **Generation**: For electricity generation, NorthWestern generates or 12 contracts for power using hydroelectric dam facilities, wind turbines, solar 13 panels, natural gas generators, and coal-powered generators. If 14 NorthWestern does not generate enough energy to meet our customers' 15 needs and is unable to procure sufficient long-term contracts, then 16 electricity must be bought on the market. Natural gas is produced from 17 formations underground. Most natural gas used by NorthWestern comes 18 from Wyoming or Canada. It is produced and transported via pipeline to 19 NorthWestern-owned facilities.

> John D. Hines provides the overview and policy direction for NorthWestern's generation initiatives to continue to meet customers' energy and capacity needs in an ever-changing market.

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- Joseph M. Stimatz presents updates to NorthWestern's PCCAM
 Base Costs, which reflect NorthWestern's proposal for modeling
 refinements associated with its PCCAM redesign proposal,
 describes the significance of Resource Adequacy to ensure
 reliable energy service, and describes NorthWestern's activities
 in regional markets.
 - Danie L. Williams presents NorthWestern's Demand Side
 Management ("DSM") programs and associated costs.
 - Bleau J. LaFave describes NorthWestern's activities to continue
 to manage its generation portfolio to meet our customers'
 energy needs, NorthWestern's proposal related to small natural
 gas acquisitions, and an update to the step-down ratemaking
 treatment for NorthWestern's natural gas production assets.

Transmission: For electricity service, power is generated at the source, and moved through generation step up transformers after which it is delivered to the transmission system. The transmission system is designed to carry large quantities of electricity at high voltages. The power is transmitted through the transmission system to substations where it is delivered to other portions of the transmission system, large transmission level customers, or to substations in each community that then connect to the distribution system that delivers the power to homes and businesses. For natural gas service, transmission consists of a series

of large underground pipes that carry purchased, produced, or stored natural gas to large customers on the transmission system or to gate stations in each community that then connect to the distribution system that delivers the natural gas to homes and businesses.

- Michael R. Cashell provides the overview and policy direction for NorthWestern's transmission initiatives to ensure safe and reliable services for our customers.
 - Thomas D. Pankratz presents NorthWestern's Electric
 Transmission Investments and their associated costs.
 - Jason M. McClafferty presents NorthWestern's Natural Gas
 Transmission Investments, with the exclusion of gas pipeline safety, as well as proposed changes to further modernize
 NorthWestern's gas tariffs and address operational situations.
 - Keith W. Meagor presents NorthWestern's efforts related to Pipeline Compliance and the associated investments for transmission assets.
 - Michael S. McGowan presents NorthWestern's Line Loss
 Studies related to Electric Transmission and Distribution.

Distribution: For electricity service, distribution consists of the power poles and lines or underground lines from substations to your home. The voltage of the power is reduced repeatedly until it can go into your home. NorthWestern is responsible for the distribution up to each customer's

1 meter. For natural gas service, distribution covers the smaller diameter 2 pipes that carry natural gas from gate stations to your home. These distribution pipes carry the natural gas right up to the meter on your home 3 or business. 4 5 Curtis T. Pohl provides the overview and policy direction for 6 NorthWestern's distribution investments and proposals, which 7 include NorthWestern's Montana Meter Upgrade Project, LED Project, and proposed Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan. 8 9 Gregory F. Bailly presents NorthWestern's proposed Enhanced 10 Wildfire Mitigation Plan and its associated costs, except for 11 Vegetation Management. 12 Nathaniel P. Linder presents NorthWestern's Vegetation 13 Management program, and related costs, included in the 14 proposed Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan. 15 Jonathon R. Shafer presents NorthWestern's Montana Meter 16 Upgrade Project and associated costs. 17 Lloyd Blain Nicholls presents NorthWestern's LED Project and 18 associated costs. 19 John E. Carmody presents NorthWestern's overall distribution 20 investments, both electric and natural gas. 21 22 **Business Technology**: Our Business Technology ("BT") group provides

a critical support service for utility operations to be able to provide safe

- and reliable service and cyber security within BT group ensures we do just that while protecting essential data and operations. NorthWestern uses the term Business Technology or BT in lieu of "IT" due to the partnership and integration with business strategy and objectives.
 - O Jeanne M. Vold provides the overview and policy direction for NorthWestern's BT and Cyber Security initiatives critical to NorthWestern's ability to provide customers with safe and reliable energy service. She also provides a broad overview of the expense costs necessary to operate technology systems to deliver safe, secure, and reliable energy to our customers.
 - Sean M. Cleverly presents NorthWestern's activities to meet ever-changing cyber security needs and the associated costs.

Customer Care: Our engagement with our customers involves more than just the energy services we provide – it includes the support services we offer for our customers, the way we communicate, and our involvement in the community.

O Bobbi L. Schroeppel describes the role NorthWestern plays in the Montana communities and how we serve the needs of our customers. She also describes the critical role our dedicated employees play in fulfilling the NorthWestern mission and vision in serving our customers.

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Finance: Finance plays the critical role of ensuring sufficient funding and access to capital that are necessary to enable our operations departments to ensure safe and reliable service for our customers given our regulatory environment.

- o Crystal D. Lail presents the Company's capital structure and proposed rate of return. She describes what is needed to be a financially healthy utility and how the Company's financial health is critical to our ability to serve our customers in an affordable manner and presents NorthWestern's proposals to support both the financial health of NorthWestern and its ability serve its customers. These proposals include: (1) fuller utilization of "known and measurable" adjustments, (2) more forward-looking cost recovery for two critical service areas Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation and cyber security, and (3) more timely cost recovery for critical reliability investments with a proposal for a Reliability Rider.
 - Jeffrey B. Berzina presents NorthWestern's proposed updated rate base for electric and natural gas based on a 2021 test year and known and measurable 2022 adjustments. He presents NorthWestern's proposal to include DSM programs in rate base as permitted under Montana Code Annotated § 69-3-712 and treatment of natural gas production assets and NorthWestern's potential acquisition of the Sleepy Hollow assets as regulatory assets.

1 Consultant Adrien M. McKenzie presents NorthWestern's 2 updated ROE analysis. Consultant Ronald E. White presents NorthWestern's updated 3 4 Depreciation Study. 5 Andrew D. Durkin presents NorthWestern's updated proposed 6 Revenue Requirement for both electric and natural gas based 7 on a 2021 test year and known and measurable 2022 8 adjustments. He also discusses certain components of 9 NorthWestern's PCCAM redesign proposal and the rates 10 resulting from NorthWestern's proposed PCCAM Base Costs. 11 He also presents the revenue requirements associated with 12 NorthWestern's proposal for more forward-looking cost recovery 13 for two critical service areas – wildfire mitigation and cyber 14 security, and more timely cost recovery for critical reliability 15 investments through a Reliability Rider. 16 Aaron J. Bjorkman presents the updated tax information related to NorthWestern's rate review. 17 18 Consultant Paul M. Normand presents NorthWestern's 19 Lead/Lag Studies. 20 21 **Regulatory:** As a Montana regulated utility, NorthWestern's Rate Review 22 must comply with the laws and rules established by the State and the 23 Commission, respectively. In instances where existing rules may be

limiting our ability to effectively serve our customers, NorthWestern has put forth proposals that seek to work with the Commission to find a solution to ensure we continue to meet our customers' needs.

- Cynthia S. Fang describes the limits under the current regulatory environment and presents NorthWestern's proposals for more timely cost recovery to reduce regulatory lag, specifically (1) fuller utilization of "known and measurable" adjustments, (2) more forward-looking cost recovery for two critical service areas wildfire mitigation and cyber security, and (3) more timely cost recovery for critical reliability investments with a proposal for a Reliability Rider. In addition, she presents NorthWestern's proposal to redesign both the existing PCCAM to better capture the evolving market conditions and the FCRM pilot to better address all customers. Ms. Fang also provides testimony reflecting updates to Revenue Allocations and Rate Design, including proposals for simpler rate design related to streetlights and updated rate design to reduce bill volatility.
 - Consultant Paul M. Normand presents Cost of Service Studies
 for both electric and natural gas that provide the foundation for
 cost-based revenue allocations and rate design. Mr. Normand
 also presents the Electric Jurisdictional Cost Study.

1 • Glenda J. Gibson discusses the Electric Jurisdictional Cost Study. Ms. Gibson also presents NorthWestern's proposals to 2 update and modernize our tariffs. 3 • Consultant Jennifer E. Nelson presents a benchmarking study 4 of NorthWestern as compared to other similarly situated utilities. 5 6 Does this complete your testimony? 7 Q. 8 Yes, it does. Α.

VERIFICATION

This Pre-filed Direct Testimony of Brian B. Bird is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

/s/ Brian B. Bird Brian B. Bird